THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
CONTAINING
The Running Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Inland Trades and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.
WITH A MAP OF INDIA.
Corrected up to March 1889.
BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press
PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 128,032 New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1890.

CUTLER, PALMER'S WHISKIES.
OLD, MATURE, AND EXCELLENT.
Note the words, and try one or other of the brands.
Price
Old Vatted Glenlivet and Dunphail Blend ... Rs. 2
"Heart Bottle Whisky"—Scotch ... Rs. 2
"Master Johnstone"—Square Bottle ... Rs. 2
Glenlivet ... Rs. 2
"Cutler, Palmer's Finest Irish" ... Rs. 2
Examine cork label, and capsule—of all Retailers.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Friday.
P. & O. ARCOT	3385	500	G. W. F. Browne	31st Jan.
P. & O. ORIENTAL	5001	1000	E. Stewart	7th Feb.
" SIAM	3041	560	H. T. Weignell	14th "
P. & O. CLYDE	4136	320	J. L. Parfitt	21st "
" ARCOT	3385	500	W. F. Browne	28th "
P. & O. PENINSULAR	5001	1000	W. Webber	7th Mar.
" SIAM	3041	560	H. T. Weignell	14th "
P. & O. SUTLEJ	4259	1000	W. D. Worcester	21st "
" ARCOT	3385	500	G. W. F. Browne	28th "
P. & O. MASSILIA	4918	1000	C. Fraser	4th Apr.
" SIAM	3041	560	H. T. Weignell	11th "
P. & O. PEKIN	3929	600	F. Harris	18th "
" ARCOT	3385	500	G. W. F. Browne	25th "
P. & O. MEDJIDIE	3413	600	R. Harvey	2nd May.
" SIAM	3041	560	H. T. Weignell	9th "
P. & O. KAISAR-I-HIND	5023	750	G. W. Atkinson	16th "
P. & O. CONDOR SANDIA	4440	800	L. Reeves	23rd May.

The steamers marked R proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
Through Tickets granted to Aden only, and Passengers booked there to steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth, and London direct.
Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from London, by the mail route, and names are registered for passage at the Sleeping Cars.
Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.
Heavy baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon, before 10 a.m. on day of sailing.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captain	On or about 1890.
ROME	5011 1000	A. W. Adamson	18th Mar.
ORIENTAL	5009 1000	E. Stewart	15th Apr.
PENINSULAR	5001 1000	W. J. Webber	13th May.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captain.	On or about 189-.
MARSEILLIA	4918 1000	C. Fraser	30th Jan.

The above a CARGO STEAMER will leave for every fortnight, with liberty to call at Aden, Colombo, Penang, Singapore, Hongkong, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, and Moji.
Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.
The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay.

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	
DOMENICO BALDUINO	5,000	800	1st Feb. 1890.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th Feb. 1890.
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	10th Mar. 1890.
DOMENICO BALDUINO	5,000	800	1st April 1890.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.
European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BORNEO	On the 8th February 1890.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
F. BOZZONI, Agent.
Bazoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Janv. 15, 1890.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Beottinger	4,600	750	1st Feb. '90
MELPOMENE	K. Peruzzo	3,240	550	8th Feb. '90
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st March.
IMPERATOR	C. Beottinger	4,600	750	1st April.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Beottinger	4,600	750	1st June.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of ever[y] Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs.

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 450

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
POSEIDON	L. Mamonich	4,600	650	15th March,

calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Mossowah, Suakin, Jeddah Yambo, Port Said and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
MARIA TERESA	R. Depersa	4,240	650	21st Feb. '90

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to
J. JANNI, Agent.
Bazoon House, 90, Charon Gate Street, Bombay, 26th Dec. 1889.

ANCHOR LINE

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	T.R.	Commander.	To sail.
M. NUMIDIA	3511	T. G. Knox	23rd Jan.
M. ARCADIA	3444	J. Laird	11th Feb.
L. HISPANIA	3340	Bilght	25th "
M. ASIA	3360	Wm. Russell	11th Mar.
L. PRUSSIA	3347	R. Hamilton	25th "
M. BRITANNIA	3369	Brown	14th April.
L. NUMIDIA	3351	T. G. Knox	28th "
L. ARCADIA	3344	J. Laird	17th May.
M. & R. SPANIA	3350	Bilght	31st "

Steamers marked L proceed to Liverpool direct; those marked M to Marseilles only; steamers marked M. & R. to Liverpool via Marseilles and book passengers for both ports. Passengers by the Marseilles steamers can book through to London (overland from Marseilles). Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and an experienced stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for first-class passengers. All the state-rooms are on the upper deck. For further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 10th Jan. 1890.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY TO LONDON DIRECT.

THE first class steamer CLAN FORBES, 2500 tons, Captain R. G. TAIT, will sail from Bombay for London on or about the 31st. Instant.
The Saloon and Cabins are all on the upper deck, and are fitted with every requisite for comfort.
For cabin plans rate of passages &c., apply to
FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Agents.
Bombay, January, 17 1890.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
MENTMORE	R. N. Jones	3,633	400	15th Mar. '90

This steamer has good accommodation for a limited number of Passengers at moderate rates, but carries no Surgeon and Stewardess.

WERNETH HALL	A. Buck	4,100	500	12th Apl. '90.

This fast steamer has been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay trade, and carries both Surgeon and Stewardess.
Cabins are all on deck and forward of the Engines.
For further particulars apply to
EDWARD BATES AND CO., Agents.
Bombay, Jan. 18, 1890.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette*.
Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in lb. and pound tins, labelled thus:—
JAMES EPPS & CO., HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS, LONDON.
ALSO MAKER OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE.

LAYS OF THE LAW—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in Verse after the manner of "Lays of Ancient Rome." Post free: by V. P. P. Rs. 1-12 each case.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, at 11 a.m. on 28th January, after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Karrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, 29th January.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "PALITANA," 2,99 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 30th January, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR MOMBASSA, ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS

THE S. S. "BAGHDAD" 1,271 tons, on or about 10th February.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "HUZARA," 2,078 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 8th February.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "BUSHEER," 862 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 28th January.

The undersigned are prepared to accept Marine Risks on the Indian Imperial Marine Insurance Company, Limited.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 23rd January, 1890.

COOK'S TRAVELLING AGENCY.

PASSAGES BOOKED with-out charge for commission, and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any part of India by any route across the Continent and to all parts of the Globe. Reduced rates to Missionaries.
Regular Steamers at all Chief Continental Ports.
Booking *via* Japan, America, Australia, &c.
Time and full particulars post free.

THOMAS COOK AND SON,
RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY
Calcutta: 11, Old Court-House Street.

INDIAN INDUSTRY.

Being a reprint of two Letters to the *Bombay Gazette* and a Lecture by
F. BEAUCLERK.
Price 8 Annas,
CAN BE HAD AT
THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona.
" COOPER, MADON and Co.
" THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta
" HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

KHANDALLA HOTEL, Khandalla, and IGUTPURI HOTEL, Igutpuri.
These HOTELS are speedily situated, and within easy distance from Railway Stations. Open to sea-breeze on every side, and commands a magnificent and a charming view all round.—Apply to
NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS, Khandalla and Igutpuri.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

MRS. NORVILLE'S THEATRICAL AGENCY, BOMBAY.

DRESSES for PLAYS, COMIC OPERAS or FANCY DRESS BALLS, sent on hire to any part of India.
Manuscripts of unpublished plays, &c., comprising some of the latest London successes, to be had on hire. Terms on application.
Address:—Mrs. NORVILLE, care of Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 25 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Good country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horseshoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

28, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed on any amount.
FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.
PAY, PENSIONS and ANNUITIES Collected Free of Commission, without Life Certificate.
DRAFTS, CHEQUES and BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for collection.
TELEGRAPHIC and HOME FAMILY Remittances made at the best exchange rate of the day.
STOCK, SHARES, &c., bought and sold, and INVESTMENTS made.
GOVERNMENT PAPER SHARES and other Securities kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.
LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and given at specially favourable rates.
ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE, effected at reasonable rates.
Agents for the ORIENTAL and STANDARD Life Offices.
HANDBOOKS sent free on application.
LONDON HOUSE.
WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,
27, LEADENHALL STREET.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RAILWAY Co., Ld.

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY COMPANY the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.
The Cantonment of SECUNDERABAD, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM, garrisoned by two regiments and one battery of the Hyderabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about 4 miles, are the suburbs of Hyderabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDERABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGAWARUM, and TANDUR.
The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.
INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTEL-KEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS, and others whowish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising*.
There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines on Western India. Native Merchants, Traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.
Advertisers can select the Station at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.
Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers may be printed at moderate charge in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad, Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.
Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent, twelve Stations or more, twenty-five per cent.
The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.
Special arrangements for long periods.
For further particulars apply to the Manager of the [illegible] Office, Esplanade Road

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MEDICINE CHESTS,

OF the best London Manufacture and most approved Patterns, especially made to meet the requirements of the climate. The Chests are *filled* with the best and most appropriate medicines, in conformity with the experience of the best medical authorities. Each Chest is accompanied by a Manual, compiled by a Physician of high standing, containing full information respecting the administration of the various remedies.

SOLID LEATHER CHESTS, FILLED.

				Cash Prices. Rs. a.
No. 1	containing 8	White Stopper	8½ by 5½ by 2½ inches.	28 8
" 2	" 12		7½ by 5½ by 4½ "	44 0
" 3	" 15		10½ by 6½ by 4½ "	53 0
" 4	" 21		12½ by 6½ by 4½ "	75 0

MAHOGANY CHESTS, FILLED.

				Rs. a.
No. 5	containing 17	White Stop-pered Bottles, &c.	9 by 7 by 8½ inches.	84 0
" 6	" 29		15½ by 11 by 10½ "	100 0
" 7	" 21		12 by 8 by 6½ "	95 0
" 8	" 34		15 by 7 by 10½ "	105 8
" 9	" 34		13 by 14 by 8½ "	150 0

POLISHED OAK AND DEAL GRAINED-OAK CHESTS, FILLED.

				Rs. a.
No. 10	containing 64	Green Stop-pered Bottles, &c.	16½ by 12½ by 10½ inches.	127 0
" 11	" 34		18½ by 10 by 11 "	93 0
" 12	" 29		15½ by 11 by 10½ "	85 0
" 13	" 18		13 by 9½ by 10½ "	72 0
" 14	" 19		13 by 9½ by 6½ "	48 0

TREACHER & CO'S SMALL FAMILY MEDICINE CHEST FOR INDIA.

A POLISHED MAHOGANY CASE, WITH SLOPING LID,
VERY PORTABLE AND CONVENIENT.

Contents.—Fifteen glass bottles with stoppers, two 8-oz., four 2-oz., nine 1-oz., minim measure, scales and weights, in japanned tin box, and palette knife.
Fitted complete with medicines as recommended by Dr. Moore in his "Manual of Family Medicine for India." Price complete, Rs. 22.
ILLUSTRATED PRICE-LISTS FREE ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER AND CO., Limited

CHEMISTS TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR AND H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NEILGHERRY TEAS.

KODANAAD ESTATES.
TRADE MARK.
K. T. E (in a triangle).
REDUCED PRICES!

Orange Pekoe	Re.	1	6	0 per lb.
Pekoe	"	1	2	0 "
Pekoe Souchong	"	0	15	0 "
Souchong	"	0	12	0 "
Mixture (Congou)	"	0	9	0 "

J. NEUBERG—BOMBAY.

MARCKS AND Co., Ld., undertake ELECTRO PLATING and GILDING in all its branches—Household requisites such as Spoons, and Forks, Dishes, Salvers, Tea and Coffee Services, &c. &c., in daily use, may be substantially renewed at a trifling cost.

MARCKS AND Co., Ld.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

READ THIS CAREFULLY.

STRONG, accurate, pretty, open-faced, Nickel Silvern, *short winding* Keyless Railway Regulators, of small size, *jewelled enamelled* dials, bold figures and Canadian Gold hands, with tempered machinery and dust tight hinged cases for Rs. 7-8 per V. P.P. with spare glass, spring, box and guarantee. Warranted to stand rough usage. Can be easily repaired. Have no appearance of cheapness about them. Others sell at double our rates. Mr. A. R. Mehta from Bandora says:—"The 7-8 watch I purchased from you two years back, gives correct time as yet." Acting Superintendent Government Farm, Khandesh, says:—"A watch-maker has valued your R. 7-8 watch for Rs. 15." Mr. J. Sutcliffe, R. W. Fusi, Regt., Lucknow, says:—"Some valued it at Rs. 15, and were completely surprised when I told them it only cost Rs. 7-8." Pretty Candian Gold Chains, Lockets, Pencils, Complete shirt studs and Rings set with chemical diamonds, rubies &c., at Rs. 2 each. Mr. J. A. Velamore, Satur, says:—"The *best goldsmith* of this place values the chain for Rs. 5 and the locket for Rs. 10." Mr. G. Smith, Salt Inspector, Sanikatta, says.—"A. G. man valued the diamonds ring at Rs. 50 and the ruby at Rs. 30."
WESTERN INDIA TRADING CO.,
91 Medow street, Bombay, (above Mrs. Pryer.)

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY
GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

PACKAGES for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.
SHIPPING.—GOODS, PACKAGES, and BAGGAGE shipped and INSURANCE effected when requested.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

The CHEAPEST material ever offered, from the BEST makers.

BRUSH DYNAMO,	16 Arc Lights	(3,000 candle-power each)	Rs. 800
Do. do.	10 "	" do.	500
EDISON do.	65 Incandescent Lamps,	(20 c. p.)	400
GRAMME do.	20 Arc Lights of 500 c.p. each or 200 Incan. Lights of 20 c. p.		500
GRAMME DYNAMO,	10 Incandescent Lamps of 20 c. p.		180

GASSNER Dry Cells. No Chemicals. Always ready. Lasts for ever.
INCANDESCENT Lamps, 3, 5, 10 and 20 c. p.
INSULATED CABLE, from 6 annas per yard.
Do. WIRE " 1 anna "
F. FISCHER & Co.

LADIES' SHOP WITH HOME,

By Indian Parcels Post.
Consider the excessive Rate of Exchange, and economise all Intermediate Profits.
High-Class Drapery & Dress Materials
Direct from the Manufacturers,
AT LOOM PRICES!
SAVING 50 PER CENT.
HENRY PEASE AND CO.'S SUCCESSORS,
Spinners and Manufacturers,
THE MILLS, DARLINGTON,
Established 1752,
supply
High-Class Drapery & Dress Materials
DIRECT TO THE CONSUMER,
Without the intervention of Wholesale Merchants, Drapers, Agents or Middlemen.
EXQUISITE DRESS.
Latest Fashion at First Cost,
FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,
Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India
THE LOVELY
DARLINGTON ZEPHYRS,
and New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Serges, and Gold-Medal Merinoes and Cashmeres.
All exquisite Fabrics renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.
SPECIALITIES FOR INDIA.
High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies and Gentlemen's Wear,
For the Climate of the Hills, and in the Plains during the Cold Weather Season.
DARLINGTON PURE WOOL SERGES,
Dyed by Special Process, for the Sea-side, Travelling and Tourist Wear. Guaranteed to withstand Sun, Rain and Salt Water, in Light-weighted Yarns for Ladies' Yachting Costumes, Ladies' Travelling Dresses, Gentlemen's Boating and Tennis Suits. Stouter Yarns for Boys' and Girls' Rough Wear.
ANY LENGTH of MATERIAL CUT on no matter how short. All goods warranted to be equal to the Samples, and all Parcels carefully Packed for Export.
All Orders are executed the same day as received.
HENRY PEASE & CO.'S SUCCESSORS buy their Wools direct from the English Farmer. After careful sorting and cleansing the wool is spun into [illegible] and the yarn woven into the various charming [illegible] for which the firm have been renowned since the establishment in 1752—the entire process of manufacture being carried on in their own Mills at Darlington employing more than 1,000 hands.

TOILET REQUISITES.

SUPARI OR BETEL-NUT TOOTH PASTE.
Prepared only by Treacher & Co.
An elegant and most efficient preparation, made from the fresh Betel-Nut. Combining all the essentials of a good Dentifrice, it cleanses and preserves the teeth, strengthens the gums, and imparts a delightful freshness to the mouth and fragrance to the breath. Per jar, Re. 1-4.

ROSEATE DENTIFRICE.
Prepared from the formula of E. Saunders, Esq., Surgeon Dentist to Her Majesty the Queen and the Royal Family.
A delicately fragrant Tooth Powder, preventing the formation of tartar, and preserving the enamel.
In boxes, Re. 1-0; in stoppered bottles, Re. 1-12.

TREACHER'S CARBOLIC MOUTH WASH.
An agreeable and pleasantly perfumed preparation. The value of Carbolic acid as an antiseptic and Purifier is well known and appreciated. It has a most beneficial preservative action upon the Teeth; it strengthens the Gums and purifies the breath, thus preventing Toothache.
Directions.—A teaspoonful to be added to half a tumblerful of water and used as a Mouth Wash. Per bottle Re. 1-8.

CARBOLIC TOOTH POWDER.
Per box, As. 8; per bottle, As. 10.

TREACHER & CO'S SUPERFINE VIOLET POWDER.
A combination of Farinaceous and Vegetable Ingredients scented with agreeable and attractive Perfumes. It is perfectly innocuous to the most delicate skin, well adapted as an absorbent Powder for toilet and nursery use in India, and guaranteed to be absolutely *free from arsenic or other injurious matter*. Per tin, As. 10 and Re. 1-0.

COLD CREAM OF ROSES.
An agreeable demulcent preparation for abrasions and roughness of the skin. Per bottle, As. 14 and Re 1-8.

MILK OF ROSES.
A delicate and innocuous preventive of sunburn freckles, &c. Per bottle, Re. 1-8.

ORIENTAL DOUCHE.
FOR THE HAIR.
This is an admirable preparation, and is strongly recommended for its cleansing, preserving, and strengthening properties. As a dressing it is all that can be desired, and will be found to produce a delicious and refreshing coolness when used as a douche after the bath. Per bottle Rs. 1-8.

TREACHER'S VEGETABLE HAIR OIL.
A celebrated preparation for which there is a great demand. It prevents and destroys scurf, strengthens and preserves the Hair. Per bottle As. 12 and Re. 1-4.

TREACHER'S LIMEJUICE AND GLYCERINE.
This *purified, fresh* preparation by the Company cleanses and imparts a beautiful gloss to the Hair, prevents dandriff, and keeps the scalp soft and cool. Per bottle, Re. 1-0 and Re. 1-12.

CIROLINE.
A powerful restorative for deficiency of vigour in the vessels of the scalp, commonly resulting in the loss of the Hair. Its exquisite delicacy renders it agreeable to the most fastidious taste. In stoppered bottles. Per bottle, Re. 2-0.

ERASMUS WILSON'S HAIR WASH.
Prepared from this celebrated Surgeon's favourite prescription, and one which is much in vogue among the Aristocracy of England. In stoppered bottles. Per bottle, Re. 2-4.

TREACHER'S LAVENDER WATER.
Prepared from the finest English (Mitcham) Lavender. For sweetness and durability cannot be surpassed, the delightful aroma of the Lavender being preserved, and not superseded by the addition of other perfumes. Per bottle, Re. 2-0; double size, Rs. 3-8.

ATKINSON'S PERFUMES.
A large selection. Small: Re. 1-4; medium, Rs. 2-4; large, Rs. 3-4; extra large Rs. 6-8 each.

BREIDENBACH'S WOOD VIOLET.
FLORIDA WATER AND KANANGA WATER.
EAU DE COLOGNE.
From J. M. Farina, opposite the Julich's Place, Cologne, From J. M. Farina, No. 4, Julich's Place, Cologne.
For his Brand TREACHER AND COMPANY, LIMITED, are the appointed Agents for the Bombay Presidency.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO. LD.

ELLWOOD'S PATENT SUN HATS AND HELMETS.
ANDRES AND CHRISTYS DOUBLE TERAI HATS.
HAWKE'S REGULATION DOE HELMETS.
EFFECTIVE AGAINST THE SUN,
SPECIAL VENTILATION,
MODERATE IN PRICE,
SUPERIOR QUALITY,
RECOMMENDING SHAPES,
FOR GENTLEMEN.
LADIES AND [illegible]RS,
CIVIL AND MILITARY OUTFITTERS.
BOMBAY, POONA & SECUNDERABAD.

PILSENER BEER.
KAISER BREWERY.

BECK & CO., BREMEN ("KEY" MARK).
THE LIGHTEST, PUREST, AND MOST WHOLESOME IN THE MARKET.
First Prize, Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
Highest Diploma and Silver Medal, Calcutta, 1883-84.
In Excellent Condition. Fresh Supplies always available.
Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen pints.
N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY BECK & Co." are on the labe without which none are from this celebrated Brewery.
OLDEMEYER & HADENFELDT, CALCUTTA,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL AND BOMBAY PRESIDENCIES AND UPPER INDIA.

GLADE & CO., BOMBAY.

AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.
DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE COOMRGAR, SUB-AGENT.
Up-country Orders must be accompanied by Remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
Special Terms granted to Clubs and Messes and discount to the Trade.

FARBENFABRIKEN VORMALS FRIEDR. BAYER & Co.
PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, STRICTURE, &c.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

Are a safe and speedy Remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally, which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in an agonizing death. For weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal or urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, promote the functions of the liver and kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In packages, 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.

DR. DE ROOS' PILULÆ VITÆ, OR VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS.

The most wonderful Pills in the world for Biliousness and all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels. Their action is mild yet effectual; they do not gripe or purge, and for habit ual costiveness, loss of appetite, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, wind, indigestion, sick headache, furred tongue, unpleasant taste in the mouth on rising in the morning, sallowness, scurvy, &c., they are of unexampled efficacy; and being prepared solely from the vegetable kingdom, may be taken by the most delicate of *either sex*, equally with the robust, merely regulating the dose according to the printed directions accompanying each box.
Those who are subject to occasional attacks of Biliousness instead of resorting to the old-fashioned blue pill and nauseous black draught, will do well to keep a box of these Pills by them and never leave home without them an attack may thus be nipped in the bud by taking a dose or two, which, if allowed to run its course for a few days, would probably almost completely prostrate its unhappy victim. Sold in boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s.

DR. DE ROOS' WORLD-FAMED GUTTÆ VITÆ, OR LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Spermatorrhœa, Exhaustion, Nervousness, Debility, Incapacity, Loss of Memory, and all those diseases for which Mercury, Sarsaparilla, &c., are not only employed in vain, but too often to the utter destruction of the sufferer's health. To the people of India, and similar enervating climates, as also all those who by indiscretion in early life, have ruined their constitutions, this miraculous life-reviving tonic will give, as it were, a new existence. This medicine strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, speedily removes nervous fears, renovates the impaired powers of life, and gradually invigorates the shattered constitution. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary, the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly unrivalled. To married persons, especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity.—Price, 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle, of all the principal Merchants in India.
Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. De Roos' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red round, without which none can possibly be genuine.

SOLE WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA,
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.
N.B.—The Trade and Native Dealers supplied under special discount.

BLUETHNER!
BLUETHNER!!
BLUETHNER!!
MARCKS & COMPANY, Ld.
OF
BOMBAY AND POONA
HAVE BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS
FOR
INDIA AND BURMAH
FOR
BLUETHNER'S CELEBRATED GRAND
AND
COTTAGE PIANOFORTES.

NEW Illustrated Price Lists have just arrived and will be supplied free on application.

AGENTS WANTED IN THE MOFUSSIL.

RUGS, MAUDS, "CARRIAGE WRAPS." ALL NEW GOODS. BLANKETS, PILLOWS.

RUGS.

	Rs. a.
THE "KENDAL," a capital Rug for the districts, long, wide, soft, and warm, the best value in India, in a variety of stylish colours	14 0 / 16 0 / 18 0 / 20 0
THE "SAVOY," very light, soft, and warm, handsome plaids	28 0
THE WINDSOR, light and warm, in a variety of neat colours, reversible	36 0 / 40 0

REAL WHITNEY BLANKETS.

BEST WHITE,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

SOLE LESSEE.....Mr. J. B. FERRELL.

TO-NIGHT!! TO-NIGHT!!!
SATURDAY 25TH JANUARY, AT 9-15 P.M.

FAREWELL BENEFIT
of the popular Comedian
MR. J. B. FERRELL
and positively last appearance of
FERRELL'S
BURLESQUE COMPANY.

"RUTH'S ROMANCE"
AND
"ALADDIN"
or the WONDERFUL SCAMP.
NEW SONGS! NEW DANCES!!
MAGNIFICENT COSTUMES!!
Mr. J. B. FERRELL as "Widow Twankey"

Reserved seats at SOUNDY and Co.

MONDAY NEXT, SOLDI BY INSTITUTE, POONA.

Business Manager .....ALLAN HAMILTON.

SWITCHBACK RAILWAY.

EVERY EVENING
4 to 12 p. m.

UNRIVALLED ATTRACTION.
WORLD RENOWNED
MADRAS ACROBATS.

THE
COLUMBIA ELITE ROLLER SKATING RINK,

Opposite the Victoria Terminus.
NOW OPEN TO THE PUBLIC,
From 5 to 7-30 and 8-30 to 11 p.m.
ADMISSION TUESDAY NIGHTS, 8 Annas.
Other Nights Re. 1 unless otherwise advertised.
Admission Evenings 5 to 7-30.
TUESDAY Re. 1 other Evenings 8 Annas.

The Rink is also open every Morning Except SATURDAY for practice for Ladies only. To this Sessions, Admission is free.

SATURDAY MORNING from 10 to 12-30 and SATURDAY AFTERNOON from 2 to 4. Childrens' matinee. Children under 12 free, Adults 8 annas.

THIS SATURDAY NIGHT, JANUARY 25.
Mr. H. A. SIMMONS,
The MONARCH of SKATERS
Will give for the first-time in Bombay,
An exhibition of fancy SKATING on UNICYCLES.
ONE MILE RACE,
(for a Rs. 50 Trophy)
Between J. GLOVE of Bombay, and
A. N. RIDGELY,
CHAMPION FAST SKATER OF INDIA.
Admission as usual Re. 1

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Royal Bombay Yacht Club, will be held at the CLUB House, on TUESDAY, the 28th February 1890, at 5-30 p. m.

S. H. C. HUTCHINSON,
Hony. Secretary.

COMMISSARIAT NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on THURSDAY next, the 30th instant, by the undersigned, up to noon, for the supply during the ensuing month of [illegible] required by the Commissariat Department for the purchase of [illegible] above Department, Bombay, 24th January 1890.

BOOK MART.

[illegible]ON FIRE-PROOF SAFES.
WROUGHT IRON KEY BOXES.
LARGE ROOM DOOR LOCKS.
WRITING BOXES.
PAPER BOXES.
CASH BOXES.
DEED BOXES.
PADLOCKS.
LOCKS.

37, PARSEE BAZAAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
ESTABLISHED 1847.

INDIA RUBBER TOYS.

RATTLES.
FACES.
ARTICULATED BABIES.
DOLLS.
BABIES.
ANIMALS.
BIRDS.
SNAKES.
COLORED BALLS.
all sizes.
GREY BALLS.
all sizes.
TORTOISES.

MORENAS AND COMPANY,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,
MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

PASTE DIAMOND JEWELLERY,

A Fine Assortment in
BROOCH,
EAR RINGS,
BUCKLES,
&c., &c., &c.

MORENAS AND COMPANY,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,
MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

WALKING STICKS.

JUST Unpacked, a nice collection of NATURAL, STAG and HORN HEAD STICKS, suitable for Gentlemen, at moderate price.
A large assortment to select from.
Malacca Canes, with silver knob sticks, Rs. 3 each.

MORENAS & COMPANY,

GENERAL MERCHANTS & ICE CONFECTIONERS,
15, MEDOWS STREET.

MONEY PURSES.

JUST Unpacked a large assortment of MOROCCO and CALF LEATHER PURSES. Very durable and of latest fashion.
EIFFEL TOWER MONEY PURSES.
Very handy for Ladies. At moderate prices.

MORENAS & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF FRENCH & ENGLISH SWEETS.

FANS.

A FINE assortment of FEATHER FANS of different colours have just come to hand.
Moderate in Price.
Suitable for Presentation.

MORENAS & COMPANY,

WINE, SPIRIT, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,
15 MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

EIFFEL TOWERS

AS PAPER WEIGHTS.
MEASURING TAPE FOR TABLES.
CANDLESTICKS.
CIGARETTE AND TOBACCO POUCHES.
A Real Model, 9 Feet in Height.
For a Drawing Room.

MORENAS & COMPANY,

ICE CONFECTIONERS.
15, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

A LARGE Assortment in GENT'S and LADIES' UMBRELLAS and LADIES' PARASOLS have just come to hand.
Cream Colour.
Assorted Colours.
With Crewel Work.
Lady's Umbrellas.
Natural Handle Umbrellas.
&c., &c., &c.

[illegible]AS AND COMPANY,

[illegible]ERS & GENERAL MERCHANTS
[illegible] STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHATRE'S GRAND CIRCUS.

OPPOSITE THE CRAWFORD MARKET,
EVERY EVENING
EXCEPT SUNDAYS
AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE
ON SATURDAY,
REFER TO THE HANDBILLS.

AT THE EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRESS JUST PUBLISHED.

THE EDIBLE and GAME BIRDS of BRITISH INDIA with its dependencies and Ceylon by JAMES A. MURRAY, F. S. A. L.
Price Rs. 5, Postage Extra.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

OLD RAILS FOR SALE.

THE Acting Agent is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, upto 1 p.m. (Gunfire) on WEDNESDAY 5th February. Tenders for the purchase of any quantity upto 1,000 tons of old Iron Rails, double headed section of various lengths, from 12 to 24 feet, now lying on the company's premises Wari Bunder, Mazagon, Bombay, where they may be viewed on application to the Wharf Superintendent.

Offers must be made on the Company's Form to be obtained from the undersigned. The same must specify, the quantity required, the rate per ton weighed over on the spot or delivered by the Company into Barges to be provided and placed by the Purchaser alongside the Wharf, and the date by which the whole quantity tendered for will be paid for and removed from the Company's Premises.

Payment must be made before delivery—
The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

ALFRED KING,
Store-keeper.
Store-keeper's Office, Parel, 24th January 1890.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

OLD MATERIAL FOR SALE.

THE Acting Agent is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (Gun-fire),

On Wednesday 5th February. Tenders for the purchase of any number out of 6 lots of old material consisting of Fireback, Fishplates Bolts and Nuts, Spikes, Skeleton Wheels, steel tyres, aggregating about 745 tons now lying in the store Yards, Wari Bunder, and Parel, where the same may be viewed on application

Offers (counting a rate per ton of 20 cwts. weighed over and delivered on the spot) must be made upon the Company's form (to be obtained from the undersigned) and be sent in accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 500 as security for the due fulfilment of the engagement; failure in which will entail forfeiture of the deposit without the necessity of the company having to prove any loss by the transaction.

Full payment must be made promptly on notification of acceptance of tender, and all lots must be removed within two months from date of notification.

The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Store-keeper.
Store-keeper's Office, Parel, 24th January 1890.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.

Within five minutes drive of Station.)
NEWLY FURNISHED.
Excellent Table and Lawn Tennis Grounds.
A few rooms still available for approaching hot season.

SHIKAR AND PICNIC PARTIES ARRANGED.

INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.

THE EIGHTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of shareholders of the Indian Guarantee and Surety ship Association, Limited, will be held at Alber. Building, on WEDNESDAY, the 29th instant, at 2-P M.

(1) To receive Directors' Report and Audited Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1889.
(2) To declare a Dividend.
(3) To elect Director and Auditor.
(4) To transact any other Business that may be brought before the Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A., Secretary.
Bombay, 15th January, 1890.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, Limited.

ADVANCES made on approved Persona. Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and further particulars, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A., Managing Director.
Albert Building, Bombay.

FOR SALE.

A PAIR of TANDEM HORIZONTAL COMPOUND CONDENSING ENGINES by Musgrave Bolton; 300 Indicated Power, indicated, with Cylinders 20 inches and 42 inches diameter 5 feet stroke, fly wheel 27 feet 6 inches, 24 inches grooved for 22 ropes 6¼ circumferences. They can be seen at work up to the end of December. Apply to

AGENTS, [illegible]WRAH MILLS Co., Ld., Calcutta.

VICTORIA GARDENS.

FLOWER, FRUIT AND VEGETABLE SHOW COMMITTEE.

The HON. H. M. BIRDWOOD, Chairman.
H. G. ANDERSON, Esquire.
Dr. BALCHUNDRA KRISHNA [illegible]BHATEWADEKAR
SORABJEE SHAPURJEE BENGALEE, Esquire.
[illegible]. CASSEROLL, Esquire.
[illegible]. CASSELS, Esquire.
NARAYEN GUNESH CHANDEWARKAR, Esquire.
Dr. J. GERSON DA CUNHA.
Dr. MORESHWUR GOPAL DESHMOOK.
SORABJEE DADABHOY DUBASH, Esquire.
C. E. FOX, Esquire.
Dr. WELLINGTON GRAY.
BABAJEE GOPAL, Esquire.
W. E. HART, Esquire.
Dr. J. C. LISBOA, Esquire.
VINAYEK RAMCHUNDER LUXEEMONJEE, Esq.
Dr. K. R. KIRTIKAR.
RAO SAHEB VASUDEO KIRTIKAR.
ARDASSEER FRAMJEE MOOS, Esquire.
HARKISONDAS NAROTUNDAS, Esquire.
PURSHOTUMDAS MUNGULDAS NATHOOBHAI, Esquire.
Dr. ATMARAM PANDURANG
RUSTOMJEE MERWANJEE PATEL, Esquire.
BOMONJEE DINSHAW PETIT, Esquire.
NUR MAHOMED JAIRAJBHAI PIRBHAI, Esquire.
S. D. SASSOON, Esquire.
GOVERDUNDAS GOKULDAS TEJPAL, Esquire.
M. C. TURNER, Esquire.
G. CARSTENSEN, Esquire, Honorary Secretary.

A FLOWER, Fruit and Vegetable Show will be held in the Victoria Gardens in March next, during the visit of H. R. H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR of WALES.

The exhibits will be grouped in the following Classes.

CLASS I.
GENERAL COLLECTIONS OF PLANTS.
CLASS II.
FOLIAGE PLANTS.
CLASS III.
PALMS CYCADS PANDANUS &c.
CLASS IV.
FERNS, &c.
CLASS V.
CONIFEREE.
CLASS VI.
TREES AND SHRUBS.
CLASS VII.
FLOWERING PLANTS.
CLASS VIII.
ORCHIDS.
CLASS IX.
CREEPERS OR CLIMBING PLANTS.
CLASS X.
HANGING PLANTS IN BASKETS, &c.
CLASS XI.
BEDDING AND EDGING PLANTS.
CLASS XII.
ANNUALS IN POTS.
CLASS XIII.
CUT FLOWERS.
CLASS XIV.
DINNER-TABLE DECORATIONS.
CLASS XV.
VEGETABLES.
CLASS XVI.
FRUITS.
CLASS XVII.
SEEDS.
CLASS XVIII.
HERBARIA.
CLASS XIX.
LITERATURE.
CLASS XX.
ART.
CLASS XXI.
INDUSTRY RELATING TO HORTICULTURE.

RULES FOR EXHIBITING
PLANTS, &c, AT THE FLOWER, FRUIT, AND VEGETABLE SHOW.

1. All exhibits should be the "*bona fide*" property of the exhibitors.

2. Public Gardens and Institutions are cordially invited to add to the attractions of the Show by sending exhibits; but in order to encourage private enterprise, the Committee desire it to be understood that no such exhibits should be eligible for competition.

3. The Committee will devote all reasonable attention and care to exhibits while in their charge, but undertake no responsibility for any loss or damage however caused. Exhibits must be sent to and removed from the Gardens at the risk and expense of exhibitors.

4. The Committee will render the exhibitors any assistance that may be required in the way of labelling, and naming of plants, and by arrangement of exhibits.

5. Intimation of desire to exhibit, containing description and number of objects and approximate statement of space required, should be forwarded to the Honorary Secretary, Victoria Garden, on or before the 15th February 1890, but the Committee will hold themselves free to receive exhibits of special value, of which no intimation may have been received.

6. The charge undertaken by the Committee must be understood to commence on receiving exhibits at the Garden, and to terminate at noon of the 3rd day, after the close of the show.

7. The Committee have the right to refuse any exhibits.

8. Exhibitors of cut flowers and table decorations are requested to furnish their own vases, tables, dishes, &c.

9. Prizes will be offered to the exhibitors according to the means at the disposal of the Committee. Further intimation on this subject will be given hereafter at as early date as possible.

For further information apply to
G. CARSTENSEN,
Honorary Secretary
Flower Show Committee
Victoria Gardens.

NOTICES.

APOLOGY.

HUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.

I THE undersigned ESSOOFALLY ABDUL HOOSSAIN, trading in Shaik Memon Street, in Bombay, as ABDOOL HOOSSAIN HEPTOOLABHAI hereby admit that I have knowingly SOLD as HUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT in Kegs, bearing an imitation of Hubbuck & Son's well known trade-mark, paint of a quality very inferior to that manufactured by Messrs. Hubbuck and Son, and that I represented the same to be Hubbuck and Son's genuine white Zinc Paint though it was to my knowledge not manufactured by them at all, and I acknowledge that the paint seized by Messrs. Hubbuck and Son in my shop, under a search warrant issued by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, was spurious paint such as that described above, I consent to the same being delivered up to Messrs. Hubbuck and Son's representative in Bombay, and I declare that I have no more paint in my possession or power bearing the spurious mark referred to, or any other imitation of Messrs. Hubbuck and Son's trade mark. I hereby PUBLICLY & HUMBLY APOLOGISE for having WRONGFULLY INJURED Messrs. Hubbuck & Sons in their trade, and for having injured their reputation, and I PROMISE never again to commit a SIMILAR FRAUD, and lastly I authorise Messrs. Hubbuck & Son to publish this apology in any manner they think fit.

ઇસ્યુફઅલી અબદુલહુસેન સઇ
અબદુલહુસેન હબતુલ્લાભાઇના
નામથી વેપાર કરનાર.

i. e., ESSOOFALLY ABDUL HOOSAIN,
TRADING AS
ABDOOL HOOSEIN HEPTOOLABHAI.
Bombay, 21st January, 1890.

CAUTION.

THOS. HUBBUCK & SON WARN DEALERS and others that steps have been taken to ensure in future a strict watch, and anyone found selling or exposing for sale spurious imitations of Hubbuck's Patent White Zinc Paint will at once be rigorously prosecuted.

THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON,
Offices, 24, Lime St., London.
Factory and Wharf Ratcliff E.

RAILWAY COMPANIES CONTRACTORS and OTHERS concerned are hereby advised that a sure way to AVOID the RISK of PURCHASING COMMON PAINTS PACKED in the bazaar in kegs bearing our name or that of some other well known house (i. e. empties refilled with a spurious article) is to buy direct from our Bombay depot, where we keep a large stock of WHITE ZINC, WHITE LEAD and other PAINTS of quality second to none and also of first class varnishes and dry colors.

WILKINSON, HEYWOOD & CLARK,
Paint, Varnish & Color Manufacturers,
Tamarind Lane, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THOSE Officers who have not yet REPLIED to the CIRCULAR letter of the Provisional Committee of the E. C. S. Association, Bombay, are requested to do so at their earliest convenience.

H. G. GELL,
Honorary Secretary,
Pro. Com. E. C. S. Association, Bombay.
Byculla Club, 22nd January, 1890.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

DINNER to Mr. VERNON'S CRICKET XI, on TUESDAY, January 28th.

Members who wish to dine are requested to register their names at the GYMKHANA, at once.

NAVY CONTRACT FOR COAL.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on board H. M. S. "Mariner," at Bombay, by the Senior Naval Officer, for the supply of SOUTH WALES COAL to Her Majesty's Ships sailing at Bombay, for One Year from 1st April, 1890.

Conditions of contract and forms of Tender can be had on application on board H. M. S. Mariner.

Tenders will be received after Noon of MONDAY the 3rd of February, 1890, and the Naval Commander-in-Chief does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender, and reserves to himself the right to reject any or all the tenders.

E. R. FREMANTLE,
Rear-Admiral.
Bombay at Madras, 15th December 1889.

NOTICE TO MILLS, RAILWAY CONTRACTORS PRESSES AND NAVIGATION COS

ALL sorts of Yarn Waste, Scrawl Rim Card and Spindle Bandings of every description, assorted kinds of Flower and Chintz Tins, to be had ready or made to order from the undersigned at very moderate charges.

IBRAHIMJEE JEELABHOY,
No. 216, Apsop Road, Bombay.

INDIAN IMPERIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

WE have been APPOINTED AGENTS to the above Company and are prepared to accept Marine risks on the most favorable terms.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE, & Co.,
Agents.

IMPORTERS and DEALERS are INVITED to TENDER for the supply to the B. B. and C. I. Railway of MISCELLANEOUS STORES as per list posted up at the General Offices, Fort. Tenders will be received not later than noon on TUESDAY next, at the Chief Storekeeper's Office, Parel.

S. A. DUIGAN,
Storekeeper.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY,

INCLUDING
RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.
TENDER FOR STATIONERY.

THE Agent is prepared to receive sealed Tenders at his Office, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (gun fire), on MONDAY the 27th January 1890, for the SUPPLY of STATIONERY required for the Broad and Metre Gauge Sections of the Company's System during the 12 months ending 31st March 1891. Supplies to commence from the 1st April 1890.

2. Tenders must be accompanied by an earnest fee of Rs. (500) Five hundred, in Currency Notes or Government Paper without which no Tender will be considered. Government or other Securities to be endorsed in favor of the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

3. The agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

4. Terms and conditions of Tender along with Forms of Tender, can be obtained (on payment of Rs. 2) and samples seen upon application to either the Deputy Storekeeper, R. M. Railway, Ajmere, or to the Storekeeper, Parel.

S. A. DUIGAN,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, Bombay, 3rd Jan. 1890.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

INCLUDING.
RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.
TENDER FOR CLOTHING.

1. TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Agent at his Office, Church Gate Street, Fort Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (gunfire) on MONDAY the 24th of February 1890, for the supply of Clothing required for the Broad gauge Section of the Company's system during 12 months commencing 1st April, 1890.

2. Samples of suits and Cloth can be seen and particulars of the approximate quantities required for delivery at Parel, and conditions on which Tenders will be received, may be obtained on application at the Storekeeper's Office, Parel, Bombay, on payment of Rs. 2.

3. The Agent reserves the right to reject one or more items from any Tender, without reference to the other items on the same Tender, and the Tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rate quoted.

4. Tenders should be superscribed "Tender for Clothing," and a deposit of Rs. (500) five hundred, must accompany each Tender, without which no Tender will be considered. This amount will be held by the Company from the successful Tenderer as Security for the due performance of the Contract. Government Paper and other Securities must be endorsed in favour of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company.

5. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

S. A. DUIGAN,
Storekeeper.
Storekeepers Office, Parel, 14th Jan. 1890.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Indian Companies' Act VI of 1882, and in the matter of the PRINCE OF WALES SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED, (in LIQUIDATION.)

The PRINCE of WALES SPINNING and MANUFACTURING Co. LIMITED. ... Petitioners.

THE CREDITORS of the abovenamed Company are required on or before the 27th day of January 1890, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims and the names and addresses of their Attorneys here (if any) to Lo. N. Banaji of Bombay, the official Liquidator of the said Company, at the office of the above Company (in liquidation) No, 23 Rampart Row.—Dated this 17th day of January, 1890.

THAKURDAS DHARAMSI & CAMA,
Attorney for the Official Liquidator.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

TO ELECTRIC LIGHT ENGINEERS.

THE Engineer Port Trust is prepared to receive tenders up to the 31st March next, for the LIGHTING by ELECTRICITY of the Dock Entrances and general lighting of the Victoria and Princes Docks, wharves, and sheds. Particulars may be obtained on application to the undersigned. The successful tenderer will be required to execute the work satisfactorily within the contract time under a penalty of Rupees five thousand which sum must be deposited with the Trustees on receipt of order.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

GEORGE. E. ORMISTON,
Engineer.
22nd January 1890.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

CROFT, WELLS & Co.,
Custom House Road,
SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS
OF
CROFTS' Very Old Tawny Port Wine.
CONNE CROFT & Co.'s Finest Old Scotch Whiskey.
DAVID SMITH & Co.'s Scotch Whiskey.
ARDSONAIGH Whiskey.
GLEN MUCHKIN Whiskey.
STANLEY and GRIMMS Clarets, Chablis, Sauterne, and Burgundies.
JULES GUICHARD Three Stars Brandy.
THERRY & Co.'s Superior fine quality Brandy.
T. MINET & Co.'s Fine Old Pale Cognac Brandy.
GENUINE Allasch-Doppelt Kümmel.
LAGARDE & Co.'s Saumer, &c., &c., &c.

CROFT, WELLS & Co.,
BOMBAY.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL $7,500,000
RESERVE FUND $4,400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS $7,500,000

HEAD OFFICE, HONGKONG.

COURT OF DIRECTORS:
Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq.
Deputy-Chairman—H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq.
Hon. John Bell-Irving. | S. C. Michaelson, Esq.
W. G. Brodie, Esq. | J. S. Moses, Esq.
T. E. Davies, Esq. | L. Possnecker, Esq.
J. F. Holliday, Esq. | N. A. Siebs, Esq.
Hon. B. Layton. | E. A. Solomon, Esq.
Chief Manager—G. E. NOBLE, Esq.
LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANKING Co., LD.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

LONDON,	HONGKONG,	SHANGHAI.
Amoy.	Hankow.	Penang.
Bankok.	Hiogo.	Saigon.
Batavia.	Hoilo.	San Francisco
Bombay.	Lyons.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	Manila.	Tientsin.
Foochow.	New York.	Yokohama.
Peking	Hamburg	

BOMBAY AGENCY.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. on daily balances.
On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 5 per cent.
Terms for shorter periods on application.
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON,
Acting Agent.
Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£250,000.
HEAD OFFICE:
HATTON COURT, THREAD-NEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.
INTEREST ALLOWED
On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances.
On FIXED DEPOSITS for 12 months at 5 per cent. per annum.
And for shorter periods at rates which can be ascertained on application.
All letters should be addressed, and remittances made payable, to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

JOHN STIVEN,
Acting Agent

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, if not drawn below Rs. 500 during the preceding half-year.
DEPOSITS received, subject to 12 months' notice, at 5 per cent. per annum; for shorter periods rates will be furnished on application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on the United Kingdom, Calcutta and Madras granted at the best rate of the day.
REGULAR FAMILY REMITTANCES arranged, and Pay, Pensions, Dividends, &c., realised.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued payable all the World over, Letters of Credit issued by English or American Bankers cashed, Sovereigns and Bank of England Notes bought or sold at favourable rates.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS for long or short periods granted on favourable terms, and approved Bills or Cheques discounted.
GOVERNMENT and OTHER SECURITIES bought and sold or received for safe custody.
REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL AGENCY of every description transacted, Passages engaged on best terms possible, Baggage, Cargo, and Parcels shipped or cleared, and Orders for Stores and Regimental Requisites executed.

HENRY. S. KING & CO., LONDON.

THE CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
ESTABLISHED 1857.

CAPITAL PAID-UP £750,000
RESERVE FUNDS £190,000
RESERVE LIABILITIES OF SHAREHOLDERS £750,000

BANKERS.

LONDON.....	The Bank of England.
	The London Joint Stock Bank.
SCOTLAND	Bank of Scotland.
	Royal Bank of Scotland.
	National Bank of Scotland.
IRELAND	National Bank.
	Hope & Co.
AMSTERDAM ..	The Amsterdamsche Bank.
	Wertheim & Gompertz.
ROTTERDAM.....	The Rotterdamsche Bank.
PARIS	André Neuflize & Co.

BRANCHES.

Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Colombo, Galle, Kandy, Rangoon, Penang, Singapore, Malacca, Batavia, Hongkong and Shanghai.

CORRESPONDENTS.

,, Aden	Messrs.	LUKE, THOMAS & Co.
,, Amoy	,,	BOYD & Co.
,, Bangkok	,,	WINDSOR, ROSE & Co.
,, Cairo	,,	CREDIT LYONNAIS.
,, Cheribon	,,	G. A. VAN PUTTEN & Co.
,, Durban	,,	NATAL BANK
,, Do.	,,	STANDARD BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA
,, Foochow	,,	PURDON & Co.
,, Hankow	,,	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co
,, Kobe	,,	COEVES & Co.
,, Lyon	,,	CREDIT LYONNAIS
,, Macassar	,,	RIS-S & Co.
,, Manilla	,,	SMITH, BELL & Co.
,, Mauritius	,,	BLYTH BROS. & Co.
,, Medan (Sumatra).	,,	BROWN & Co.
,, Nagasaki	,,	M. RASPE & Co.
,, Negapatam	,,	BANK OF MADRAS
,, Padang	,,	C. I. VAN BURREN & Co.
,, Pecalongan	,,	G. A. VAN PUTTEN & Co.
,, Saigon	,,	WM. G. HALE & Co.
,, Samarang	,,	McNEILL & Co.
,, Sourabaya	,,	FRASER, EATON & Co.
,, Tagal	,,	G. A. VAN PUTTEN & Co.
,, Tientsin	,,	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
,, Yokohama	,,	BISSET & Co.
In Australia	The Bank of New South Wales.	
	The Union Bank of Australia, Limited.	
	The Bank of Victoria.	
	The Bank of Australasia.	
	The National Bank of Australasia.	

BOMBAY BRANCH:

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum, on Daily Balances not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. When the accrued interest for six months does not amount to Rs. 10, no interest is allowed.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

At 12 months' notice, 5 per cent. per annum.
For shorter periods, at rates to be learned on application.

Every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted on Terms to be ascertained on Application.

J. C. BERGENDAHL,
Agent.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

CAPITAL .....£3,200,000.

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

LONDON OFFICE, 32 Threadneedle Street, E. C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods, at rates to be obtained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDITS payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks, received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

X. CASTELLI,
Manager.
Rampart Row, W.

FANCY STATIONERY.

The Bombay Gazette Office
16, ESPLANADE, ALBERT BUILDINGS.

	Rs.	a.
Canvas Note and Envelopes, B quality ..... per packet	1	0
Calico Note and Envelopes ..... ,,	0	12
Brown Holland Note and Envelopes ,,	0	12
Do. do. Grey Calico ..... ,,	1	4
Do. do. Correspondence Cards	0	12
Grey Calico Correspondence Cards	0	12
Floral Note and Envelopes ..... per packet	0	12
Botanic Note and Envelopes		
Autumn Leaves	0	12
Ivy Correspondence	1	8
"Just a few Words" Correspondence	0	12
Assorted	0	12
Primrose, Bouquet ..... per packet	0	12
Times Correspondence ..... ,,	0	12
Royal Nursery Correspondence ..... ,,	0	12
Cinderella	0	12
Canvas Shell	0	12
Coin and Frog, assorted	0	12
Parcel Post Cabinet ..... each	2	4
Fascination Cabinet ..... ,,	6	0
Saratoga Cabinet ..... ,,	3	0
Three Volume Octave Cabinet	4	0
0 24 Cabinet	0	12
British Lion and Note and Envelope, per packet	0	12
Old Saxon Correspondence	0	12
Assorted Superfine and Super Vellum Correspondence	0	12
Imperial Union Bank Note ..... per packet	0	12
[illegible] Variety Note and [illegible]		
[illegible] Note and [illegible]		

PHOTOGRAPHS! PHOTOGRAPHS!!

"AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES."

A VERY DESIRABLE OPPORTUNITY.

LIQUIDATING AND CLOSING BUSINESS.

P. VUCCINO & CO., having DECIDED TO CLOSE their BUSINESS on the 31st March, 1890, will during the interim take Sittings in the very highest style of Art at the following low charges:—

	Half Doz.	Doz.	2nd Doz.	2nd Half Do
CARTES ..... Rs.	8	12	7	4
CABINETS ..... ,,	15	20	15	8
PROMENADE ..... ,,	18	28	18	9
BOUDOIR ..... ,,	20	30	20	10
PANEL ..... ,,	30	50	40	20
IMPERIAL ..... ,,	40	60	48	24

N. B.—Any Lady or Gentleman who may wish to obtain their Negative Plate already taken by P. VUCCINO and Co., can now obtain the same at a very moderate rate. Also the valuable Collection of Negative Plates of Ajunta Caves taken by the late Major Gill. Views and Panorama Plates of Bombay.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

P. VUCCINO & CO.
PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS, BOMBAY.

LUMINOUS PHOSPHORUS
Important to Invalids!

H. & T. KIRBY & CO'S PREPARATIONS

Possess wonderful VITALIZING and ENERGIZING PROPERTIES and are THE MOST POWERFUL RESTORATIVES OF VIGOUR AND MENTAL ACTIVITY KNOWN. The Phosphorus being unoxidised supplies the brain and spinal cord with its proper Pabulum.

In this form it is powerfully remedial, particularly in LOSS OF NERVE POWER, as manifested by INCAPACITY FOR WORK, WANT OF ENERGY, LOWNESS OF SPIRITS, NEURALGIA, MENTAL DEPRESSION, MELANCHOLIA, FEEBLE DIGESTION AND CIRCULATION, COLD EXTREMITIES, LOSS OF PHYSICAL VIGOUR, and NERVOUS DEBILITY. For [illegible] other conditions of defective nutrition or exhaustion of the nervous centres, arising from overwork, the [illegible] or excess, Medical authorities all agree that LUMINOUS PHOSPHORUS is the most effectual remedy.

The following preparations, of which we are the ORIGINAL Makers, are thoroughly reliable. They [illegible] from our appointed Agents (see below), in Bottles, 3s., 5s. and 10s. each (English money), the 10s. Bottle sufficient for a period of three weeks. Two 5s. Bottles may be obtained direct from the makers' laboratory, paid to any post town in India or Australia, by remitting Post Office Order for 21s.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 5), containing 1-26th gr. Phosphorus.
Dr. KIRBY says: "Experience fully warrants the administration of Phosphorus in this dose" in severe attacks of Neuralgia and cases of extreme Nervous Exhaustion; it gives excellent results, taken with food three or four times a day.

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 3), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is a valuable combination of two powerful restoratives. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the digestive organs, increases functional activity and improves the condition of the whole system. It is largely employed in India during convalescent stages of intermittent and remittent fevers. It is an excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by the climate, and is a good prophylactic against *Malaria*.

PHOSPHORUS AND IRON PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 7), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is given with great advantage in *Anæmia, Sciatica*, and other Neuralgic affections, also in the treatment of convalescence from fever and other debilitating diseases. It is an excellent chemical food for anæmic children, and a good adjuvant to a course of cod liver oil.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula No. 6), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This combination is useful in all the cases named above, but especially in cases of feeble digestion and *loss of power*, following excesses. Taken regularly with food for a few weeks

BOMBAY RICE [illegible] STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Divi-dend.	Cash Rates.
		Rs.	Rs.		
[illegible]	40,000	500	All	12 pct.	8625
[illegible]	48,000	500	All	10 do.	900
[illegible]	10,000	500	All	14 do.	200
[illegible] BANKS.		£	£		
[illegible]	40,000	100	All	6 do.	125
[illegible]	32,000	100	125	5 do.	185

PRESS COMPANIES.

Albion Cotton Co.	300	2,500	1,250	Rs. 75	1,125
Alliance Cotton Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 20	
Apollo Press Co. (Limited shares)	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	700
Bombay Cotton Co.	200	600	600	Rs. 20	260
Bombay Cowasjee F.	0	50	2 50	Rs. 15	105
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	2	125	Rs. 20	130
Bombay India Press Co.	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	2600
Bombay India Press Co.	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 180	1,225
Bombay Press & Mfg. Co.	400	200	200	Rs. 20	190
Bombay Steam	1,250	5,000	1,250	Rs. 0	1,325
Bombay Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 30	505
Bombay & Bahamady Cotton Press Co.	450	500	500	Rs. 25	445
Bombay Cotton Press Co.	240	450	All	Rs. 45	370 x
Bombay Manufg. Co.	1,400	200	250	Rs. 25	190
Bombay Steam Press Co.	1,000	125	125	Rs. 0	50
Bradwell Co.	2,125	400	400	Rs. 50	420
New Beraz Cotton	1,250	500	500	Rs. 45	572
Colaba & Press Co.	5,000	125	125	Rs. 11	838
New India Press Co.	1,000	500	500	Rs. 50	750
New P. of W. Press Co.	600	400	All	Rs. 40	235
Printing Press Co. (Bellary.)	400	500	500	Rs. 80	50
Rajkot Spg. Co.	600	2,000	750	Rs. 50	670
Standard Cotton Co.	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 120	1,150
Standard Press Co.	300	500	50	Rs. 25	51
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	575
Khengoman Mauljee Co	400		250		600

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Co. & W.	1,250	1,000	1,000			1300
Albert Edward Mills		150	150	50	R	300
Anglo-Indian Spng. Ind & Mfg. Co., Ltd.	9,240	100	100	2		80
Alfred Mfg. Co. Ltd.	1,000	500	500			280
Ahmedabad Shaving Ahmedabad Mfg.	700	1,000	1,000			
Cotton Printing Co.	4,800	125	125			
Allen & E. M. Co.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs.	25	
Alliance Cotton Mfg.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs.	20	460
Bellary S. & W. Mills	870	500	500	Rs.	20	460
Bombay Dyeing & M'f'g	0	500	5	Rs.	25	600
Bombay National Mfg. Co. Ltd.		2,000	1,000			560
Bombay United S. & W. Co.	99	500	1,000		3	675
Bezar Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	2,75	2	20	Rs.	0	130
Cent al India S. & W. Mfg. Co., Ltd.	4,5	5	500	Rs.	55	870
Currimbhoy Mfg. Ltd	7,5	1,0	1,0	Rs.	40	920
Colaba Land & Mill Ltd	4,0	1,0	7	Rs.	20	66.
Dowlatt Mills Co. Ltd.	2,0	50	5	Rs.	12	645
Delisle S. & W. Ltd.	1,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	40	460
Edward Mills Co., Ltd.	1,0	5	Rs. 4	Rs.	25	470
Elphinstone S. & W. Co.	1,0	1,	1,	Rs.	0	200
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,0	41,0	1,0	Rs.	0	600
Framjee Petit S. and Mfg. Co., Limited	2,	1	1,	Rs.	25	480
Gordon S. & M. Co. Ltd.	1,0	1,	1,0	Rs.	20	15
General Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limited	1,2	1,0	1,0	Rs.	40	750
General S. & W. Co.	42	1,0	1,0	Rs.		8
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ltd.	1,2	1,	1,	Rs.	40	750
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ltd.	1,5	50	1,			600
Hingunghat Mill Co.	70	57,0	1,0	Rs.	0	7250
Hyderabad Deccan S.	7,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	30	705
Indian Mfg. Co., Ltd.	600	1,00	1,	Rs.	5	950
Jacobabad Cotton Co.	1,0	1,	1,	Rs.		655
Jamshed Mfg. Co.	1,0	2,	2,	Rs.		2.75
James Greaves Mill	1,2	5	2,	Rs.		642
Kaiser All S. & W. Co., Ltd., Improved	1,4	2	2	Rs.		10
Kohinoor Mfg. Co. Ltd.		900	1,000			700
Kowas Jaliboy S. & W.	1,1	1,0	1,	Rs.	40	860
Khatau Makanjee S. & W.	1,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	40	870
Lakhmidas Khimjee	1,0	1,	1,	Rs.	40	540
Leopold S. Bleaching	1,0	0	1,	Rs.	0	750
Madhowji Dharamsey	1,0		1,0	Rs.	0	150
Madras United S. & W. Co. Ltd.	1,0		1,0	Rs.	0	1,950
Manchester Mills Co. Ltd.	1,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Maneckji Petit S. & W. Co. Ltd.	1,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Mazagon S. & W. Co. Ltd.	1,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Meer Hassan Ali Mills Co. Ltd.	1,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Morarjee Goculdas S. & W. Co. Ltd.	1,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Muncherji Petit S. & W. Co. Ltd.	1,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
New Great Eastern S. & W. Co. Ltd.	1,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Oriental S. & W. Co. Ltd.	6,7	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
People of India S. & W. Co. Ltd.	1,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Presidency Mills Co. Ltd.	7,5	1,	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Prince of Wales S. & W. Co. Ltd.	2,1	1,	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Queen S. & W. Co. Ltd.	7,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Rajpoot Mfg. Co., Ltd.	1,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Ravee S.S. W. Co. Ltd.	1,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co. Ltd.	1,7	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Shahapore S.& W. Co. Ltd.		50	50			50
Soonderdas S. & W. Co. Ltd.	2,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co. Ltd.	6	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Swadeshi Mills Co. Ltd.	2,4	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Star of India	1,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Sun Mills Ltd	1,2	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Victoria Mfg. Co., Ltd.	1,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Vishwanath S. & Mfg. Co. Ltd.	1,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Venkatachalam Muthusami Mills Co. Ltd.	1,0	1,0	1,0	Rs.	0	1,050
Western India S. & W. Co. Ltd.	1	500	1,000	Rs.	0	1,050

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	215
Bathgate Plg. Co. Ltd.	1,0	150	150	10 pct.	165
Bapty Co., Ltd.	4,0	100	100	Rs. 14	14
Bombay Land Building Co., Ltd.	625		185	Nil	56
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c.	62
Bombay Ice Co., Ltd.	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	80
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	190	Rs.	3,50
Do. (2nd issue)	3,000	62	45	Rs.	760
Municipal Bonds				p.c	
Clydesdale Dyeing Co.	1,000	500			10
Cooper, Madan Ltd.	1,000	100	100	Rs.	5
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	40 nl
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200		1775
Dover & Co., Ltd.	500	100	40		40
India Guarantee & Bunderabje Assn.	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	134
Kaiser-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	12,000	25	25		41
Larcombe Lighterage	500	256	250		75
Lang & Co., Ltd.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 20	260
Marden & Co., Ltd.	6,000	50	100	Rs. 10	75
Napier Hotel Co.	300	100	100	13 p.c.	70
Napier Foundry	400	100	100		60n
Oriental Government Security Life Ass.	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	210
Oriental Loan Asso.	5,000	20	20	8 p.c.	2
Port Canning Co.	6,000	600	100	Rs. 20	365
Royal Flour Mills	2,400	100	100		65
Shillips & Co., Ltd.	4,000	100	100	Rs.	90
Soundy & Co., Ltd.	1,000	100	100	9 p.c.	100
Southwell and Austin	1,000		95		80
Telephone Co., Ltd.	19,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8	12
Thacker & Co. Ltd.	1,200	600	100	Rs. 16	1,250
Thacker & Co., Ltd.	1,500	100		Rs. 10	13
Western India Flour Mill Goodr & Co.	1,000	1	125	Nil	35
Wowangzee City P. & M. Co., Ld.	550	250	250	Rs. 15	230

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	825
Empire Fire		5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	80
Indian Fire	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,050
Prince of Wales	250	2,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,725

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

B. P. R. Gt. 5 per ct.	...	£10	All	at 5 p.c. 2,550
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent.	...	£ 18	...	at 5 p.c. 1820

CALENDAR.—JANUARY 1890.

PHASE OF THE MOON.

First Quarter ..... Jan. 28th, 1h. 17m a.m.

Days.	Engagements, &c.	Sun-rise.	Sun-set.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Sat. 25	Annual Elphinstonian Gathering. (Specches.) Bombay Hunt Special General Meeting, Graham's Building 3 p.m. Novelty Theatre: Ferrell's Burlesque Co., 9 p.m. Lord Reay's Inspection of Tansa Lake.	6 36	5 49	2 15m 2 36 a	8 40m 8 30 a
Sun. 26	3rd Sunday after Epiphany.	6 36	5 50	2 57m 3 3a	9 1m 9 19 a
Mon. 27	Yacht Club Dance. Cricket: Gymkhana vs. Mr. Vernon's Team, 11 a.m. Rad Gopher Defamation Case, Esplanade Police Court, 12 noon. Meeting of Members of European Civil Service, Town Hall, 5 p.m. Laying foundation stone of Sir D. M. Petit Hospital for Women and Children by Lord Reay (J. J. Hospital), 4-5 p.m. Lady Reay lays foundation stone of Awabai Bhownaggree's "Home for Nurses" (J. J. Hospital.) English mail expected per s.s. Massilia."	6 36	5 50	3 4m 4 31a	9 21m 10 2a
Tu. 28	Cricket: Gymkhana vs. Mr. Vernon's Team, 11 a.m. University Convocation, 5-15 p.m. Gymkhana Dinner to Mr. Vernon's Team. Installation Meeting, Lodge "Rising Sun," 8 p.m.	6 36	5 51	25m 50 a	11 27m 11 44 a
Wed. 29	Bombay Gymkhana Say Races. Municipal Standing Committee, 3 p.m. Sale of Prize Cows of Wales Mills, Bennett and Co., 3 p.m. Boom at Graduates' Association (speeches on Lord Reay's Administration, &c.), 5-30 p.m. Prince Albert Victor's Reception Preliminary Meeting, Graham's Building, 5-15 p.m.	6 35	5 51	5 17m 7 24 a	0 33 a
Thr. 30	Municipal Corporation, 4 p.m. Cricket: Mr. Vernon's Team vs. The Parsees. Evening Entertainment by Mr. Vernon's Team, Petit Hall.	6 35	5 52	6 28m 8 43 a	1 22m 1 35 a
Fri. 31	Cricket: Mr. Vernon's Team vs. The Parsees. Departure of the English Mail per s.s. Ansaldo.	6 35	5 53	7 49m 9 30 a	2 47m 2 30 a

* Left Aden on Tuesday at 4 p.m.

ALL those who appreciate Lily-white Teeth and Sweetness of the Mouth, and a Breath of Flowers, should use Kemp & Co.'s FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR, which is both a perfect Dentifrice and at the same time a delicious Mouth-Wash. Per bottle, Re. 1-4 and upwards.

CRAWFORD MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

MAXIMUM RATES.

	Rs.	a.	p.
DAILY PRICES—BEEF—			
Prime pieces, 1st sort, per lb	0	2	0
Do. 2nd sort, per lb	0	2	6
Brisket and Round, 1st sort, per lb.	0	2	6
Do. do. 2nd sort, per lb.	0	1	6
Beefsteak (under part), per lb	0	5	0
Do. (round), per lb	0	1	6
Meat for soup, per lb	0	1	6
Shins, large, each	0	5	0
Do. small, each	0	4	0
Tongues, fresh, each	0	2	6
Do. salt, each	0	7	0
Suet, 1st sort, each	0	5	0
Do. 2nd sort, each	0	4	0
Liver, each	0	3	0
Heart, each	0	1	3
Kidneys, each	0	1	0
Marrow Bones, each	0	1	0
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, for salting, per lb	0	2	0
Do. do. 2nd sort, do.	0	1	6
Oxtail, each	0	3	0
Shins, per lb	0	3	0
Fore Ribs, each	0	3	0
Beef Salt, English per lb	0	10	0
MUTTON—	1st Sort.		2nd Sort.
Saddle, per lb	0 4 0		0 2 9
Leg, Loin, Shoulde., and Neck, per lb	0 3 6		0 2 6
Liver and Heart, 1st sort, each	0 2 6		0 2 6
Do. do. 2nd sort, each	0 2 0		0 2 3
Breast, large, each	0 2 0		0 2 6
Do. small, each	0 2 0		0 2 0
Head, each	0 3 0		...
Kidneys, each	0 1 0		0 0 9
Suet, per lb	0 3 0		0 2 6
KID (SMALL)—			
Hind Quarter 2nd sort		0 9 0	
" Fore "		0 6 0	
Head, Feet, Liver and Heart		0 7 0	
PORK FRESH AND SALT—			
Pork Fresh, per lb		0 4 0	
Pork Salt, country, per lb		0 4 0	
Pigs (Roasted), each		3 8	
Do. Head, per lb		0 2 0	
Sausages, per lb		0 4 0	
Bacon, per lb		0 4 0	
Pigsfeet, Salt or Fresh, per set		0 4 0	
Do. Lard, per lb		0 8 0	
Do. Boiled Lard, per lb		1 0 0	
Pork, Salt, English, per lb		0 8 0	
BREAD—			
Loaves, 1st sort, 13 oz., each		0 1 9	
Do. 2nd sort, 13 oz., each		0 1 6	
Do. 3rd sort, per maund		0 2 0	
Sweet Oil, 1st sort, per maund		3 0 0	
" 2nd sort, per maund		3 14 0	
Linseed Oil, country, per maund		4 4 0	
Castor Oil, per maund		3 4 0	
Kerosine Oil, common, per tin		2 2 0	
SUGAR—			
Coffee, 1st sort, per seer		0 14 0	
Do. 2nd sort, per seer		0 11 0	
Sugarcandy, 1st sort, per seer		0 3 0	
Do. 2nd sort, per seer		0 2 0	
Sugar, soft, 1st sort, per seer		0 1 9	
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer		0 1 6	
Do. do. brown, per seer		0 1 9	
Do. Mauritius, per seer		0 1 9	
Tea, Hill, per lb		0 14 0	
Do. 1st sort, per lb		0 10 0	
Do. 2nd sort, per lb		0 8 0	
Sago, per seer		0 1 6	
FRUITABLES—			
Potatoes, Poona or Surat, large, per maund		1 4 0	
Onions, per seer		0 0 4	
Carrots, per seer		0 0 6	
Cellery, large, each		0 1 6	
Lettuces, each		0 0 6	
Beet, large, each		0 1 6	
Beet, small		0 1 0	
Radishes, white, per dozen		0 1 6	
Tomatoes, per seer		0 1 0	
French Beans, per seer		0 2 0	
Knol Khol, per dozen		0 15 0	
Brinjals, Nagpoor, per seer		0 0 6	
Do. Bombay, per dozen		0 8 0	
Pumpkins, large, each		0 10 0	
Do. small, each		0 8 0	
Cocoanuts, whole per 100		4 0 0	
Do. shelled, per maund		3 2 0	
Betelnut, per maund		4 0 0	
Do. leaf, per 100		0 2 0	
Sweet Potatoes, per seer		0 0 9	
PICKLES, COUNTRY—			
Mango, per seer		0 1 0	
Lime, per seer		0 1 3	
Mixed, per seer		0 0 9	
Papads, large, per seer		0 1 3	
" small, per seer		0 1 3	
Salt, 1st sort, per seer		0 0 11	
Salt, 2nd sort		0 0 9	
POULTRY—			
Geese, each		4 0 0	
Turkey Cocks (very large), each		6 0 0	
" Hens, each		3 0 0	
Chickens, large, each		0 7 0	

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

a Col A Becher Equerry-in-Waiting to H R H the Duke of Connaught, Poona
Mr Carl Flor, England
Mr H Schwan, Austria
a Mr F Way, Colombo
a Mr W Hendry, Coiombo
Surgn Maj and Mrs R Hodson, Satara
a Mr J C Christie, Shahjehanpur
a Mr and Mrs E Sterndale, Madras
a The Misses Sterndale, Madras
Mrs C J McKenna, Agra
a Mr and Mrs A Mac Conaghey, CS, Lucknow
a Miss MacConaghey, Lucknow
a Mr and Mrs W Pearse, Madras
a Mrs J Christie, England
a Mr F Walsh do
Capt J H Esser, 12th RL, Bangalore]
a Mr N G Wait, Dharwar
Mr W L Hexton, Surat
a Mrs F M Francis, Surat
Major F Grehan, 2nd Norfolk Regt, Mandalay
a Mr H Macleane, Umballa
Mr S W Sutton, Quetta
Mr F Place, Bombay
a Dr and Mrs F Bringhurst, Bombay
Dr and Mrs B Grayfoot Bombay
Mr A Junkerstoff, Bombay
Mr G Bake, Bombay
Mr and Mrs J G Mills, Bombay
Seur Lieut W Lodder Bombay
Lieut J Nicholas, Bombay
Surgn F Burn, Bombay
Mr F Fleming do
Mr W O'Flaherty do
Mr H Hawkins do
Mr F Lamb, IM do
Mr F Pickard, IM do
Mr T Walker do
Mr A Conley do
Mr B Schnabel do
Mr W Barrett do
Mr J Heyn do
Mrs J Fluerio do
Miss Fluerio do
a Mr and Mrs W Barnhart, Bombay
a Mr J Austin, IM do
Lieut W Jacob, 16th Bo Inf, Bombay
Mr W Cresswell, Bombay
Mr C Franco do
Mr A Cardno do
a Mr D Jaffrey, Surat
Mr R W R Birch, Bombay
Mr A Carrodi, Bombay
a Mr L Shahabudeen, CIE, Bombay
Mr F Prestage, CIE, England

Residents left during the week marked (a).

THE best safeguard for general health is KEMP'S SUMMER EFFERVESCENT and PURIFYING SALINE. It is FRESHER, SUPERIOR, and CHEAPER compared with imported preparations of a like kind, and is one of the best aperient and blood-purifying combinations known. Per bottle Re. 1-4.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Annual Elphinstonian Gathering, 5-30 p.m.
Music at the Victoria Gardens, 5-45 p.m.
Bombay Hunt, Special General Meeting, 3 p.m.
Switchback Railway.
Columbia Skating Rink.
Novelty Theatre, Ferrell's Comedy Company, 9-15 p.m.
Chatre's Circus, 9 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—H. M. I. M. S. Canning, from Rangoon; Satara (s), Persian Gulf; Hindoo (s), Dutch Mandvi; and Culna (s), Calcutta.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Ganges (s), for London; and Woodcock (s), Rodeida and Aden.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Thibet entered and the s. s. Ganges left the dock yesterday.

B. B. and C. I. RAILWAY.—The decrease in goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 4th January 1890 was 61,227 maunds.

POSTAL NOTICE.—With effect from the 27th January 1890 the charges on Foreign Money Orders and British Postal Orders will be regulated by Schedule 27 viz., 1s. 5½d. per rupee.

REPORTED THEFT.—Messrs. Spinner and Co., Fort, report the theft of eleven silk handkerchiefs, valued at Rs. 10, from a show case in their office on Thursday a st.

SERMON.—The Rev. John Forgan, of Simla, will preach a sermon to children, in the Free Church of Scotland, Esplanade Road, to-morrow evening at 6 o'clock.

THE SCHOOL FINAL EXAMINATION.—The name of Mr. Adagara Adarji Dadabhai was accidently omitted from the list of the candidates who were successful in the University School Final Examination.

MORE BEGGARS.—Police Inspector Young brought twenty more beggars before Mr. Richardson at the Esplanade Police Court yesterday. They were convicted and sentenced to undergo one day's imprisonment each.

CRICKET.—We are requested to state that the special amateur dramatic performance of the Bombay Cricket Club in celebration of their eleventh anniversary will come off on Sunday, 2nd February, at the Novelty Theatre, and the dinner in connection therewith on Saturday, 8th February.

DEATH FROM SNAKE-BITE.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday at Dharavie Road, respecting the death of a woman, named Tanee, aged 30 years. At noon on Thursday deceased lay down by the wall of a chowkey near a heap of stones when she was bitten by a snake on the right arm, from the effects of which she died two hours after the occurrence. A verdict that death was caused by snake-bite was recorded.

MUSIC AT THE VICTORIA GARDEN.—The Band of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers will play the following programme of Music at the Victoria Garden this evening at 5-45 o'clock:—

March .....Fall In.....H. Round.
Overture .....Mirella .....Gounod.
Valse.....Rosée du Matin.....Fahrbach.
Selection .....Une Rose of Castille...Kappey.
Valse.....Sei una Z'haus .....Joh. Strasse.
Galop .....The Tourist's .....Fredbe
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

COLUMBIA SKATING RINK.—A good deal of interest is being shown in the race to-night between Mr. Glover and Mr. Ridgely. Mr. Glover has improved very much in fast skating during the past month, and with half a lap start, it is thought he may manage to defeat the crack Calcutta skater. Mr. Simmons also gives an exhibition of artistic skating on unicycles, which is likely to be much appreciated as his performances on these large wheels are said to be simply marvellous. The Second Grand Carnival is announced for Saturday February 1st

AN ANGLO PORTUGUESE SCHOOL PRIZE.—At the death of the wife of Dr. S. G. Alvares, Railway Surgeon at Gadag, a subscription was made amongst the resident natives to evince sympathy to Dr. Alvares, and commemorate the name of the deceased lady who by her amiable qualities has earned the respect and esteem of the people. The collection amounted to Rs. 300 which has been offered to the Anglo-Portuguese School at Bombay, from the interest of which a yearly prize is to be awarded to a pupil who may best qualify himself in English. The prize will be called "Generosa Justina Lobo and Alvares' Prize."

GORED TO DEATH BY AN ARYX.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday at the J. J. Hospital, respecting the death of Augustin Fernandes, a Watchman in the Victoria Gardens, aged 30 years. Deceased was standing in the Garden outside the boundary, in which the animals are confined, when an African aryx which was running loose in the garden, rushed on the deceased, and gored him knocking him down. The animal was soon after caught by a mallee, named Dadoo, and the injured man was removed to the Hospital, where he died an hour after admission. The verdict was:—That the death of Augustin Fernandes was caused by wounds and damage, following of the thigh inflicted on him by an aryx in the Victoria Gardens, which had escaped from its enclosure, and which he was trying to capture.

THE DISTURBANCE IN MILITARY SQUARE.—The case which came before Mr. Cooper, at the Esplanade Police Court last week, in which Mr. Caves charged four Germans, Pouchi, Auger, and two others, with having assaulted him, was disposed of yesterday. Several witnesses were called and examined by Mr. Sargent who appeared on behalf of the complainant. Mr. Cooper, in giving his decision, said: It appeared to him that the complainant had not thrown any stones into the rooms of the accused, as put forward in their defence, but there was certainly reasonable excuse for their supposing that he had done so. The blow of which having assaulted him seemed clear, and even as if Caves had thrown the stones, but that was no reason, why they should have taken the law into their own hands, as they had. He must, therefore, order them to pay a fine of Rs. 5 each.

SIR THARIA TOPUN, KT.—At a meeting of the principal members of the hoja community, recently held at the Mooljeebhoy Jivraj General Library at Mandvie, under the presidency of Mr. Karimbhoy Ebrahim, it was unanimously resolved to invite Sir Tharia Topun at an evening entertainment to be held on the 2nd February next or some other convenient day, and to present him with an address and a shawl, on his being honoured with a knighthood by her Majesty the Queen-Empress. It was also resolved to ask the members of other Mohomedan sects, such as Borahs, Koknis, &c., to join in the gathering for the purpose of doing honour to a deserving old gentleman of their caste. The amount of subscription is wisely limited to one to fifteen rupees, so as to give an opportunity to the large number of representative men to subscribe to the fund, now being raised for the object above specified.

ALLEGED FRAUD.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Cooper, two partners of the firm of Motilal Mangulchund, named respectively Mungalchund Gellah and Gookuldas Dayaj, were charged, with having made use of a false mark upon cloth being the property of one Volapdas Konjee, a merchant residing at Muljee Jetha's market. Mr. Davar appeared for the prosecution, the accused persons being represented by Mr. Crawford. From the evidence, it appeared that the suspicions of the complainant, were aroused by some information which he received last March. He shortly afterwards sent the accused a notice, requesting him to desist from using a certain mark upon some dhotars in which he dealt. The trademark resembled, and purported to be that of the complainant, while the dhotars were of an inferior quality to those he himself sold, which were imported through Messrs. McDonald and Co. From information lately received, Volapdas thought fit to apply for a search warrant, which he obtained, and found upon the premises of the accused 600 dhotars bearing his trademark. Further evidence was forthcoming, so the case was adjourned for further hearing.

DEATH OF A BOMBAY LADY AT BANGKOK.—The *Bangkok Times* of the 28th December says:—The Bangkok community was sadly lessened by the death of Mrs. Moller, the wife of Captain Moller, of the Ta Hongkong, on Saturday last. The deceased lady had been taken with a sudden chill about two weeks ago, and to this was added acute dysentery to which she succumbed at the Bangkok Hospital, on the 20th instant. Her funeral was held on Sunday last at 5 p.m. at the Protestant cemetery, and was largely attended by the many friends both of herself and husband, the nautical profession being specially well represented. The Rev. Mr. Eaton who conducted the funeral service, (the use of the Church of England) in an address spoke at large of the many sterling qualities of the deceased, and the great loss in particular which fell upon the two little children, who were there present to see the last rites performed to their beloved mother. Many tokens of respect were brought by friends to place on the coffin in the shape of evergreens and flower wreaths. The services at the Baptist Chapel—or Temperance Hall—were not held in consequence of the funeral to allow the friends and the missionaries to attend. The deceased, who was only a little over 24 years of age, was the eldest daughter of Mr. A. E. Pauplow of Byculla, Bombay, and leaves a husband (who only returned from a voyage three days before her demise) and two young children to mourn her early death.

ALARMING CARRIAGE ACCIDENT.—A rather serious accident occurred yesterday afternoon to Mrs. Reginald Gilbert, of Malabar Hill. Whilst Mrs. Gilbert was being driven along the Queen's Road in her victoria the horse became unmanageable as it ran foul of another animal that had shied at a passing train, and reared up in the middle of the road. The coachman was thrown from his box, one of the four wheels passing over his feet, and inflicting two or three nasty bruises. The affrighted animal feeling no check on the reins, bolted at top speed along the Queen's Road, and turned down Church Gate Street. Several persons attempted to check its career but without success, and as it neared the Flora Fountain, it turned to the right and ran on to the stone pavement in front of the Cathedral High School. Here the carriage came with a crash in contact with an iron railing that runs round the school. Mrs. Gilbert was thrown out on the road and the horse breaking from its trappings bolted along to the back of Albert Buildings. Happily Mrs. Gilbert escaped with but a heavy fall, and picking herself up drove off in a victoria from the scene of the accident.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

DISPUTE REGARDING TANSA WATER WORKS CONTRACTS.

CHARLES JOHN GREENGRASS VS. COLONEL FREDERICK BEAUMONT.

THE plaintiff's claim was that the defendant may be ordered to pay to him Rs. 44,100 by way of compensation for damages caused by the defendant's breaches of contract, as also a sum of Rs. 3,000, with interest, &c. Mr. Inverarity and Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Conroy and Brown, appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Lang and Mr. Robertson, instructed by Mr. Bicknell, appeared for the defendant.

The plaintiff's case was that, by an agreement in writing made in Bombay on 26th Feburary 1888 between the plaintiff and the defendant, the latter, who was then under contract to do certain work, contracted that the plaintiff should complete to the satisfaction of the Bombay Municipal Engineer, certain works for tunnels, known as Nos. 4, 5, 6 and 7 tunnels, at Tansa in the Thana District, at the rate of Rs. 33 per foot of tunnel payments to be made monthly. The parties had at the time subsisting agreements relating to the work which were superseded by the later agreement, in accordance with which the plaintiff deposited Rs. 3,000 with the defendant as a guarantee for due performance of the work, to be held till the completion of the contract. This latter sum was made up of Rs. 2,200 cash paid in Bombay, and Rs. 800 deducted from plaintiff's bill for work done for defendant. In March 1888, the plaintiff worked at the tunnels Nos. 4, 5, and 7. About the end of that month, the defendant entered into certain new relations with Messrs. Walsh, Lovett, Mitchell and Company, the original contractors, and requested plaintiff to enter into a fresh agreement, to which the firm should also be parties. The plaintiff had no objection to so doing, provided that the terms of the contract remained unchanged, but as it was proposed to insert new terms unfavorable to the plaintiff, the matter was left as it was. By this time it became known that the work would be carried on by the plaintiff with considerable profit to himself; and the defendant would accordingly have been glad to put an end to his contract with the plaintiff, if possible; and he therefore sought in several ways to harass the plaintiff and his sub-contractors. The work, however, continued to be performed to the satisfaction of the Municipal Engineer in the months of April and May 1888. On the 30th May 1888, the defendant by notice required the plaintiff to stop work in No. 7 tunnel, south face, on the pretence that the end work had been done there. The plaintiff refused to comply with the notice; and on the 8th June, 1888, the defendant took possession forcibly of that portion of the work

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Terms made for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding three lines, Rs. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No [illegible] are admitted under this scale.

NOW READY—MACLEAN'S GUIDE [illegible] Containing valuable information for [illegible] Handsomely cloth bound.—Price Rupees 4 only. Bombay Gazette, Albert Buildings, Fort, Bombay.

"A" SCOTCH WHISKEY. A fresh shipment of this VERY OLD Whiskey has just arrived. Highland Scots Pipe and Sandeman, by their Agents, HUTSON & Co.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED. [illegible] Western and Texas Duryies ready for [illegible] and also from Wathur, can be had on application to the Manager. Apply to Barjorjee Pursoha w, Dispensing Chemist, [illegible] is obliging to His Excellency the Right Hon'ble Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.—Now open. The LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL, newly built, with all the convenience of latest designs. Excellent table. Good view and westerly breeze. Under European management.

TOBACCO.—Havelock's and Tennant's, in [illegible] of 4s and 8s to a lb. in Bond or Retail for [illegible] Trade orders solicited.—ERANI HORMAZ BEHRAM, Cigar and Tobacco Merchant, No. 3, Rangari Mahla, Opposite Crawford Market, Bombay.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS! Just arrived from Calcutta and Japan an entirely new Stock of NOVELTIES of Artistic design and finish.—EBRAHIM ADAMJEE, Chinaware Bazaar, Meadow Street, Fort Bombay.

TO LET.—ROOMS of the ground Floor, the First and Second with Half of the Third Floor, House No. 14, next to the *Bombay Samachar*, Frere Road.

BONA-FIDE AUCTION SALE of Mr. H. V. Panlosaer's valuable furniture, Waler Mare &c., at "Sea View," Terrace, No. 2 Top Floor, Woodhouse Road, Colaba, to-day at 1 p.m.

AUCTION SALE of Arab and Persian Horses at Lockaby Hall, Bellasis Road, Byculla, TO-MORROW SUNDAY at 2 p.m.

TOILET SETS for DRESSING TABLES. A large assortment to Hand in new and Pretty designs. Also Plush Brackets with fancy hangs from Re. 1 ct. Cheapest ever offered. SHROFF BROTHERS.

WANTED.—An experienced European SHORTHAND REPORTER for *Deccan Herald* Press, Poona. Apply with copies of testimonials and salary expected to—Proprietor *Deccan Herald*, Poona.

FRESH GROUND MOKHA COFFEE at Re. 1-4 per lb. Superior Ceylon Tea at Rs. 1-8 per lb. Superior Java Cigars No. 1 at Rs. 3 per 100.—DANTRA and Co., 33 Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

REQUIRED, an ASSISTANT MATHEMATICAL TEACHER, a European, Catholic and University graduate. Salary Rs. 100 to Rs. 200 and free furnished quarters. Apply with copies of testimonials to The Reverd JAMES DOGAN, Principal St. George's College, Mahim House, Mussoorie, N.W.P.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!! —The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for [illegible] Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

AN ENGLISHMAN of long commercial experience (home and abroad) managing a business to which he is not solely confined, is open to an arrangement to take charge of other business. Office accommodation provided. References can be given. Address "353" care of this paper.

STEAM-LAUNCH.—"VICTORIA." This Fine New Launch is AVAILABLE FOR PICNICS to Elephanta and other places of pleasure resort in the Bombay harbour. For Terms apply to THOMAS COOK & SON, 13, Hampart Row.

SHAPOORJEE & Co., General Purveyors and Bazaar Agents. (Established 1874.) No. 3, Crawford Market, and No. 40, Meadow Street, Bombay.

TO BE LET IMMEDIATELY.—A HOUSE in Meadow Street, consisting of 2 floors at Rs. 75 per month, most suitable for office or resid nce, lately occupied by Messrs. Sydney Carleton and Co. Apply D. MACROPOLO, Bombay.

TO BE LET, from 1st April 1890, a BUNGALOW on the Ridge. Apply to J. G. H. COLLETER, Victoria Terminus.

MAHABLESHWAR.—TO LET. "West Wood" "Park Hall" "Remy Villa," "Race View," and many other bungalows of from 2 to 6 bedrooms. Inquiries Apply to Mr. CUtt-Hotel.

[illegible]OMS WITH BATH-[illegible] Westerly breeze. Apply Albert Building.

[illegible]STIVE BREAD, can [illegible]'S, Church Gate Street.

[illegible] Co., Beds, Library [illegible] latest designs made and

[illegible]in Crushers, Soda-[illegible]erious capacities for hand, [illegible] & Co., Ltd., Bombay.

[illegible]ne[illegible]proved Patent [illegible] and Brass Wheels with [illegible]ts. 45.—STEFFANAUER

THE "CHAMPION" HAND ICE MACHINE, indispensable for Camp and Up-country Residences, Simple, Effectual, Economical, in stock.—F. W. SEALLS, Marine street, Bombay.

REGULATION GLOVES.—For Wear with Khaki 2 Buttons and Thumb pieces as Horse Guards, each 1 pattern, Rs. 4 per pair. Now consignment now landed.—SADHAM, PILE & Co., Ltd., Bombay, Poona and Secunderabad.

EXPLORACOES ANTIGAS E MODERNAS DA AFRICA.—A book in Portuguese with three maps of Africa, by A. F. de Andrade, E. S. G.; G. G. M. C., to be had at B. X. Furtado and P. A. PIALHO, Kalbadevi Road. Price 2-8.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

FOR SALE.—The property of an officer leaving India. D.B., C.F., HAMMERLESS RIFLE, 500 bore, in good order by Wilkinson and Son, London, with cases and implements. Price Rs. 450. Cost when new £ 65. Apply to H., care of Messrs. King King and Co.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

A. & B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whiskey and Highland Whiskey, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

TO BARRISTERS and LAWYERS.—The address of Gentleman who inspected some GOLD BRACELET WATCHES about six weeks ago, having been accidentally mislaid, Messrs. MARCKS & Co., Ld., intimate hereby the ARRIVAL of an ENTIRELY NEW STOCK of above articles, this week and which they will be pleased to show him.

REPAIR of WATCHES, CLOCKS, MUSICAL Boxes, &c.—Any complicated or plain watches and clocks repaired at very moderate cost, and to the perfect satisfaction of the owner. Holding an various high testimonials in the line. JEHANGIR. C. CAMAJEE, WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, 97, Medows Street.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Winter Seaside Resort in the South of England, is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-Indian CHILDREN in her private family to board and educate. The greatest care would be given to both moral and physical training, with every comfort of a well-appointed home. Good references. For further particulars, etc., apply "P.," care of this office.

JOHN Y. LANG, Esq. (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—During the late epidemic of fever at Dubli, I sent up from Bombay a supply of Dr. Ba llwalla's Acne-Mixture, and our staff, which was prostrated by fever, derived immediate benefit from its use. Orders for Ballwalla's Ague-Pills or Mixture may be addressed to Dr. B. L. BALLWALLA, Dadur, Bombay, and may also be had of Kemp & Co. and Phillips and Co., at No. 1 each.

KEATING'S BONBONS OR WORM TABLETS.

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in Bottles by all Chemists.

A BOON TO MEN. Whosoever from NERVOUS DEBILITY Lost Vigour, Exhausted Vitality, Kidney Diseases, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON Treatment by local absorption, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper, post free, upon application. The MARSTON REMEDY & Co., 249 High Holborn, LONDON.

BUGGY, SHIGRAM AND VICTORIA FARES, With an Alphabetical Index of Buildings and Distances mentioned in the Fare list, with number of Stands, &c. Complete and very reference. 3 inches by 4½ inches. Handily carried in the waistcoat pocket. Price, Annas 4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

WALERS! WALERS!! WALERS!!!

JUST arrived at Bombay, a SHIPMENT of 20 HORSES, selected by the well-known importer, C. G. Haldock, consisting of Upstanding Carriage Pairs, from 15 hands to 16 hands 3 in. high, weight carrying Hacks and Chargers. Also a choice selection of Doctors and Broughem Horses. To be inspected, opposite the Tramway Stables, Colaba.

WRIST WATCHES.

Complete with Black or Brown Leather Straps.

Oxydized Steel .....from Rs. 25
Silver ..... „ Rs. 35
Oxydized Silver..... „ Rs. 40
14ct. Gold ..... „ Rs. 55
18ct. Gold ..... „ Rs. 59

Solid Gold wristlets in flexible chain, and other designs from Rs. 92 and upwards. They can be adjusted to take any Lady's Watch

Performance and Durability Guaranteed.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LD.

BOMBAY AND POONA.

FOR SALE,
BEST WHITNEY BLANKETS,
GUARANTEED PURE WOOL,
In White or Scarlet, and in various sizes.

JOHN ROBERTS AND CO., Ld.,
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS
AND BILLIARD-TABLE MAKERS.

MR. C. A. GRAVES,
SURGEON DENTIST.
(TWELVE YEARS WITH THE LATE
Mr. E. M. WALTON.)
27, MEDOW STREET,
OPPOSITE NEUBERG & Co.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL"
Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried,
DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dimness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY at 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.
* AGENTS WANTED.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST.
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES, CAREFULLY ADAPTED TO CORRECT ALL DEFECTS OF VISION.
SPECTACLES vs. BLINDNESS.
THE symptoms indicating failure or irregularities of sight are frequently too long disregarded, and either from Ignorance or feeling of difference the aid demanded by nature is withheld until serious mischief has been caused to the sight often resulting in blindness.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS,
OPTICIANS TO THE
PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS
IN INDIA.
OFFICES: 41, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.
3 and 4, Hare Street, Calcutta.
20 and 21, Mount Road, Madras.
And 20, Tyndale Place, London, N.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.
LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL
ON THE WAY TO KHANDALLA
IS NOW OPEN AND READY FOR VISITORS
UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.
A First-class Hotel and splendidly situated on the Hill, with a good western and all round view and within an easy distance from the Railway Station. A Lawn Tennis Ground has been made close to the Hotel for Visitors.—A new Grand Sympathetic Piano for general use.
Apply to the
MANAGER, LANOWLI GYMKHANA, HOTEL.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY
GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.
BANKERS and AGENTS to MEMBERS of H.M. SERVICES, REGIMENTS, CLUBS, SOCIETIES SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS, and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept.
FIXED DEPOSITS received.
FAMILY and TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.
BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co, London.
CHEQUES on London cashed or collected.
INVESTMENTS and SALES made in STOCKS and SHARES.
PAY and PENSIONS realised.
PASSAGES booked and Baggage shipped.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
PACKAGES landed and shipped.
NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES ordered.
ASSURANCES effected; Marine, Fire, and Life
SUPPLIES of every description procured.
Terms and particulars upon application.
London Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO., No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

SALE OF WOODEN HOUSE FOR REMOVAL.
THIS-DAY SATURDAY, the 25th instant, at 4 p. m., Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, in the Oval, opposite the Apollo Hotel, by order of Mr. Vincent Gatt—All the materials of a wooden house at Apollo Bunder.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT DADUR.
TO-MORROW SUNDAY, the 26th instant, at 4 p. m., Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises by order of the Mortgagee Pedro Domingos Agapito Dias and Joaquim Salvador Rodrigues, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Ignacio Manoel De Silva, the following landed property viz:—
All that piece of land together with a Dwelling House standing on a Farmdary land belonging to Antonio Fernandes, containing or admeasurement 200 square yards or thereabouts, situate, lying and being on the Western side of the Dadur Road leading from Dadur to Worlee, and it is more fully described in the Survey Map made by the Collector of Assessment bearing No. 653, bounded as follows on the East, West, North, and South, the Car of the said Antonio Fernandes, formerly and now in the occupation of the said Ignacio Manoel De Silva.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Ba krishna and Lakshit, the Mortgagees' Attorneys at their office No. 2 Church Gate street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, January 25, 1890.

MENESSE AND COMPANY
AUCTION SALE OF STORES, SHIP'S FURNITURE, FITTINGS, &c. &c. IN THE P & O COMPANY'S DOCKYARD, MAZAGON.
Messrs. MENESSE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 25th inst, at 2 p m in the P & O S N Company's Dockyard, Mazagon—
A quantity of old stores, ship's furniture, fittings, &c., consisting of old canvas sails, canvas cuttings old flags, marble baths, winches, old ropes, screw and old iron, iron chains, wooden fittings, cabin doors and benches, broken glass and crockery ware, and miscellaneous other articles.
Also one Piano, 2 compound engines 2 wire hawser compressors.
A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and balance to be paid and the woods to be removed within five days.
MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, January 23, 1890.

MESSRS. SHERIFF SON & COMPANY'S APOLLO STREET.
Messrs. SHERIFF, SON & Co. will sell by Auction at their Rooms, THIS-DAY, at 2 p. m., a collection of handsome household furniture, comprising centre and side tables, teapoy, wardrobes, book cases, chiffoniers, cupboards, washstands, dressing tables, washhand stands iron and wooden cots, iron safe with Chubb's lock, hanging, wall and table lamps, clocks China vases, table ornaments, a quantity of soap electric apparatus, a large assortment of glassware, etc., etc.
The property is on view.
SHERIFF, SON & Co.
Bombay, January 25, 1890.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's steamship Woodcock, 59 tons Captain James Bowman, sailed yesterday for Aden and Hoodeida with a general cargo, and 20 deck passengers.

THE Coasting steamship Hindoo, 25 tons, Captain G J Baker, arrived in harbour yesterday from Cutch Mandvi with a general cargo, Mrs Humphres, Miss Reid, and Mr Lochee, as cabin passengers and 325 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamship Satara, 821 tons, Captain T W Lowins, arrived in harbour yesterday from the Persian Gulf with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Dr Williams, Mr. Church, Mr. Kriger, Lieut Lanner, Mrs Harrison, Mr Symmons, Revd M D Cruz, Dr Damani, Mr Johns, 100 deck passengers, and 25 cases of opium.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—JANUARY 24.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. C. Monroe	1436	Wilson	B	F Muir & Co.
„ C. Forbes	1591	Tait	F	F Muir & Co.
„ Assama	2419	Smith	K	K Nixon & Co.
„ Blackheath	1674	Hall	O	J Mackintosh & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

	Tons.		No.	
S.S. Tanjore	1402	Raffin	4	Hajee Cassum.
„ Nizam	1618	Creery	5	P & O S. N. Co.
„ Ganges	2110	Alderton	6	P & O S N Co.
„ Emperor	2441	Bechinger	7	A-H Lloyd's S N Co.
„ Emir	2020	Robson	10	J Mackintosh & Co.
„ Etolia	2103	Gill	12	K Nixon & Co.
Almira (s)	..	..	..	..
Barroso (man-of-war.)	..	D'Mello	15	N. Jamsetji.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander	From
24	H. M. I. M. S. Canning	Creagh	Rangoon, Jan. 13.
	Satara (s)	Lewins	Persian Gulf.
	Hindoo (s)	Baker	Cutch Mandvi.
	Culna (s)	Phillips	Calcutta.

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
24	Ganges (s)	Alderton	London, &c.
	Woodcock (s)	Bowman	Hoodeida and Aden.

The steamer Hindoo entered for loading yesterday for Cutch Mandvi, &c.

CALCUTTA.
ARRIVALS.
Jan.
20 Aska s.....Jacob .....Madras, Jan. 16.
Chanda s .....Gavin .....Moulmein, Jan. 12.
DEPARTURES.
Jan. 20—Steamers City of Calcutta, and Pallas. Ships Benmore and Big Bonanza.

MADRAS.
ARRIVALS.
Jan.
21 Niobe s .....Calcutta,
22 Dardanus s .....Yokohama.
Roma s .....Singapore.
Booldana s .....Rangoon.
DEPARTURES.
Jan.
21 Bancoora s .....Calcutta.
Clan Stuart s .....London.
22 Sirdhana s .....Rangoon.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.*

FOR LONDON.
1591 Clan Forbes (s), Tait.
FOR MARSEILLES.
2450 Asama (s), Smith.
FOR DUNKIRK.
1437 Clan Monroe (s), Wilson.
FOR ANTWERP.
2031 Etolia (s), Gill.
2620 Emir (s), Robson.
FOR GENOA AND MARSEILLES.
1675 Blackheath (s), Hall.
FOR TRIESTE AND VENICE.
1895 Wennington Hall (s) Alvert.
2441 Imperator (s) Bechtinger.
FOR GENOA.
3044 D. Balduino (s) Cruclan.
FOR HAVRE AND LIVERPOOL.
2595 Idar (s) Poland.
FOR CHINA.
1697 Bokhara (s), Case.
1691 Gwalior (s), Nantes.
1419 Khiva (s), Crowe.
1694 Malwa (s), Browne.
1615 Nizam (-).
1677 Surat (s), DeHorne.
1671 Thibet (s), Preston.
FOR ADEN.
1611 Assam (s) Browne.
FOR CALCUTTA.
1751 Walden Abbey, Williams.
UNFIXED.
Ship.
1474 Sierra Nevada, Whinnie.
GOVERNMENT STEAMERS.
H. M. S. Griffon, Blaxland.
H. M. S Mariner Arbuthnot.
A. (Torpedo Boat), Percival.
B. (Torpedo Boat), Pasco.
C. (Torpedo Boat), Butler.
E. (Torpedo Boat), Johnson.
F. (Torpedo Boat), Reeves.
Coasting Steamers and Country Ships not included.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JANUARY 24.

FROM LIVERPOOL.
Branksome Hall s—25 cases writing slates, A Ebrahim; 1 case soap, D Heerjeebhoy; 29 casks brasswire, A Karimbhoy.

FROM GLASGOW.
Armenia s—50 cases acid, Owen and Okell.
Britannia s—50 cases acid, Owen and Okell.
Belgravia s—25 cases whisky, P N Kerrawalla and Co.

FROM LONDON.
Bhokhara s—7 cases aniline dye, C Ramjee; 2 cases soap, Jaffer Allarukhia.
Sutlej s—7 cases writing papers, &c, N Cumroodin; 17 bales printing paper, &c, A K Tyabally.

FROM TRIESTE.
Imperator s—58 bales printing paper, S A S Dawood; 2 packages soap, &c, A Salmon and Co.
Poseidon s—6 cases soap, E Hoosein; 14 bales printing paper, K A Hoosein; 18 cases soap, A Thanerbhoy.

FROM MARSEILLES.
D Balduino s—50 cases champagne, 2 cases medicine, and 1 case perfumery, Treacher and Co.

FROM VENICE.
Ganges s—5 cases soap, the Chartered Bank of India, Peninsular s—5 cases soap, A Abdool Rahim.

FROM BORDEAUX.
Atrato s—25 cases brandy, P N Kerrawalla and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JANUARY 24.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Idar s—100 bales cotton, Thos H Moore and Co; 200 bales cotton, Ritchie Stewart and Co; 2,000 cwts wheat, K D Aya; 3,000 cwts wheat, David Sassoon and Co; 8,180½ cwts myrabollams, Veerjee Hansraj; 31 bales wool, M H Cazaron; 1,600½ cwts myrabollams, Jaitha Veeram; 400½ cwts myrabollams, F Fischer and Co.

FOR LONDON.
Ganges s—10½ cwts ivory, Nanabhoy Purshotum; 110 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 49 bales cotton, A Sabapathy Moodeliar and Co.
Clan Forbes s—51 bales hemp, E D Sassoon and Co; 5 cwts peacock feathers, B Sajin; 135 cwts dry ginger, H Goculdas; 80 cwts horns, W Gangjee.

FOR HAVRE.
Idar s—4,000 cwts linseed, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.
Emir s—600 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 330 bales cotton, Ritchie Stewart and Co; 320 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 40 bales hemp, E D Sassoon and Co; 340½ cwts rapeseed, J C Bushby and Co; 1,000 bales cotton, Gaddum Bytheli and Co; 200 bales cotton, Durst and Co.
Etolia s—2,001 cwts gingellyseed, 2,001 cwts groundnuts, 500 bales cotton, A Blaschcek and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.
Asama s—1,200 cwts teelseed, Ralli Brothers; 2,775 cwts gingellyseed, 750 cwts castorseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 695½ cwts linseed, 188 cwts mourseed, and 30 cwts rapeseed, John Fachiri.

FOR DUNKIRK.
Clan Monroe s—400 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 100 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.
Imperator s—700 cwts myrabollams, Volkart Brothers.
Wennington Hall s—1,240 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co; 220 bales cotton, Durst and Co.

FOR GENOA.
D Balduino's—2 bales cotton, A Blaschcek and Co; 500 bales cotton, Gaddum Bytheli and Co; 2,001 cwts groundnuts, Killick, Nixon and Co.
Blackheath s—110 bales cotton, T G Young and Co; 4,000 cwts groundnuts, John L Kersten.

FOR VENICE.
Wennington Hall s—1,350 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.
Bhundara s—100 bales cotton, B Hurdayal.

FOR HONGKONG.
Thibet s—110 cwts oilbanum, R Lallchund; 133 bales cotton and 100 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 509 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 44 cwts peacock feathers, M Framjee.

FOR KOBE.
Thibet s—100 bales twist, John Fleming and Co; 190 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.
Thibet s—10 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
BOMBAY, 23rd January, 1890.

Means of observations taken at 4 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.	
Barometer corrected & reduced to 32° Fah.	29·226
Temperature of the Air	72·3
Wet Bulb Thermometer	69·7
Dew Point	67·0
Relative humidity of Air	75
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=10)	2·4
Maximum temperature in air (read at 8 a. m. next day)	82·3
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)	67·3
General Directions of Wind	NNW, N, NE, NNW, NW, NNW, NW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	279

* From midnight to midnight.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, JANUARY 24.

A RECOVERY of 3-16d. in the price of Bar Silver took place in London yesterday, 44 9-16d. per oz. being the quotation wired both through Reuter and private channels. Rupee Securities, however, were unchanged at Wednesday's rates of £69⅜ for Fours, and £72 for 4½ per cents. Indian Sterling Loan was also unaltered at 107½. The Indian Council made some extra allotments of Wire Transfers yesterday, say, 7¾ lakhs on Bombay, which receive i nothing at the regular biddings, and 2 lakhs at Calcutta, at Wednesday's rate of 1s. 5⅞d.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending on Wednesday disclosed a further increase of 5 per cent. in the Bank's Reserve, which thus stood at 40 per cent. of the Liabilities. The Bank rate remained at 6 per cent.; but in the market rates of discount there was a decline of ⅜ per cent. on short London Bills, but an advance of ⅛ on Indian Bank Paper at 4½ per cent. and 3⅜ per cent. respectively. The weekly Specie shipments are not yet wired.

French Rentes in Paris, which advanced to 88 on Wednesday, returned yesterday to the previous quotation of 87½. Exchange on London remained at fcs. 25 24½.

Linseed was steady at an advance of 6d. per quarter on the spot, and 3d. to arrive, at 42s. 6d. and 43s. respectively, ex-quay. Rapeseed was unchanged. Wheat was dull, and soft Red was again 1d. per cental lower on the spot in Liverpool at 6s. 8d.; spot Soft White being also ½ down, at 7s. 1½d. per cental.

The London Goat Skin Sale closed on Wednesday with a good demand, 620,000 skins out of the 660,000 offered having found buyers. Madras skins fetched last sale rates, prime quality, however, being 1d. per lb. lower. Yesterday the Sheep Skin Sale opened with a fair demand, but with Madras skins ½d. to 1d. per lb. lower.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed firm both generally and for Surats last evening, at a further advance of 1-16d. in spot Mid.-Uplands at 6 1-16d., making a rise of 3-16 in two days. American, Arrivals, were also 1-16d. higher for the nearer deliveries and 3-64d. up in the more distant positions, and Surats on the spot were partially 1-16 dearer. The Sales aggregated 13,000 bales, inclusive of 1,200 Surats. The day's Imports were 12,000 bales, The Manchester market was firm, but business was checked by the full rates asked.

In New York the price of Mid.-Uplands advanced to 11 cents, and April Futures were 21 points higher at 11·18 cents. The receipts at the U. S. ports were 18,000 bales again, and the total arrivals from the beginning of the season now give the following comparison with those of the two preceding years:—

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Thursday's Receipts	18,000	25,000	14,000
Five days' do.	116,000	145,000	73,000
Since 1st Sept. 1889	4,731,000	4,265,000	4,448,000

Under the influence of the above advices we have had a firm market for the staple here to-day, with an active enquiry, and a large ready business has been done, the reported purchases summing up about 8,000 bales, of which nearly half consisted of Julgaum, at Rs. 205-8 per candy. A good deal of Bengal also changed hands, at Rs. 178-89; and Dhulia and Fachora at Rs. 197-200; the balance being made up of Sheagaum, at Rs. 215; Barsee, at Rs. 230-2; Akola, at Rs. 219; Nugger, at Rs. 214½; Oojein, at Rs. 206; and Hingunghat, at Rs. 239 per candy. In forward business, about 3,000 bales of Bhowungaum have been contracted for, for April-May delivery, at Rs. 212 and Rs. 235 for "Good" and "Fine" respectively.

WHEAT has been dull to-day, and very few transactions have taken place in any description; but no further decline in prices has taken place.

SEEDS are quiet, being in but slight request for export, and only a small business has transpired on the basis of previous rates.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	9,508 bales.
Wheat	16,748 cwts.
Linseed	1,414 „
Rapeseed	1,612 „
Gingelly	3,647 „
Ground Nuts	3,845 „

FREIGHTS are still advancing for January-February shipment. A Hall liner has been berthed for Liverpool for March-April shipment with Cotton at 22s. 6d. per ton. Business has been done for Dunkirk for February shipment at 23s. 9d., and for March at 22s. 6d. per ton.

EXCHANGE, in sympathy with the recovery in the price of Silver above referred to, has again been firm, and forward rates are 1-16 to 3-32d. higher for Credits. A fair business has been done in ready Bills at 1s. 5⅝d, and forward at 1s. 5-9-16 to 17-32d. for February, and 1s. 5¾d. for March delivery. We quote at closing:—

Bank Bills on Demand	...1s. 5 7-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	...1s. 5⅝d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight	...1s. 5 17-32d.	„
Credits do.	...1s. 5⅜ to 21-32d.	„
France do.	...1·85½	„

GOVERNMENT PAPER has fluctuated a good deal again to-day, but on the whole a material decline in rates has been established, the price of Fours for cash and the next settlement, which at one time receded to 97 9-16 being quoted at closing at 97⅜; while for the March account 98 1-16 to ⅛ was the final rate. 100⅛ to 101 is the nominal quotation for 4½ per cents.

SHARES have been a quiet market generally: but we have to report the following decline in Cotton Mill shares, say Rs. 12½ in Mazagon; Rs. 10 each in Luckmidas Khimji and Queen; Rs. 5 Khatao Mucconji; and Rs. 2½ in Manockji Petit, at our quotations. Prince of Wales Press shares are Rs. 20 lower, at Rs. 320 per share.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JANUARY 23.
Grehan, Lt, Qr-Mr, Ms, 2nd Norfolk, on duty, from Mandalay
Langley Mills, Surg, Beng, Med Staff, on leave, from Saugor

DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 24.
Brooking, Lt, 21st Ms. Infts., off leave, to Secunderabad.
Bannantyne, Major., Beng, East Lanc, on leave, to England.
Baily, Lieut, 17th Bo Infts, on duty, to Aden.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY,
Commanding. Bo. Vol. R. Corps,
Bombay, 25th January, 1890.

1. The Battalion will parade at 4-45 p.m. this evening at the Town Hall. Red uniform, helmets, arms, and accoutrements. Tram fares to and from parade will be paid on application to Company N. C. Officers detailed for that purpose. Ten rounds of blank ammunition per man will be issued on parade.

Cadets will be conveyed in special tram cars this evening as follows:—
Byculla Schools and Byculla Scottish School.—Two single cars leave Victoria Gardens, at 3-55 p.m.
St. Mary's School.—One double and one single car leave Victoria Gardens at 3-55 p.m.
St. Peter's School.—One single car leaves P. and O. Dockyard at 4 p.m.

2. The "C." Company team will fire for the Wyer Cup on the 28th instant.

3. The "A." Company team will attend at the Coorla Range on Wednesday morning next, the 29th instant, to compete in the Bayley Shield Competition.

Officers and Volunteers desirous of attending the Class of Instruction under the Adjutant for proficiency certificates are requested to send their names to the Adjutant as soon as possible.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

5. The Squadron will parade at the Kennedy Sea Face, near the Remount Stables, at 6-45 this morning and march to the General Parade Ground, Esplanade, for drill with H. M. the Governor's body-guard. Swords, bandoliers, military bridles and head ropes to be worn, but not carbines and buckets.

By order,
T. W. C. LEATHEM, Captain, and Adjutant, B. V. C. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.
BATTERY ORDERS
By Major G. W. Roughton, Commanding
Bombay Vol. Artillery.
Bombay, 25th January 1890.

1. The Range finding class will meet on the Oval at 7 a. m. to-day.

2. To-day there will be Gun drill on Middle Ground Fort Parade at the Apollo Bunder at 4-15 p. m. Dress uniform and hemlets, without ball, badge, or chin-chain.

3. The annual inspection will take place on Saturday, the 8th February. All members who have not procured the new uniform are requested to do so, and to put in as many drills as possible before that day.

4. The undermentioned members are requested to form the Battery Ball Committee and to attend the first meeting at Head-quarters on Monday, the 27th instant, at 6-30 p.m.:—Major G W Roughton (President), Capt A K Leslie, Lieut J S Slater, 2nd-Lieut L Penny, Pay-master A C Clarke, Sergt-Major A W Seabrooke, Sergt S W Chart (Treasurer), Sergt T Stephenson, Sergt W Tate, Corpl J Beckerley (Secretary), Bombr W Carter, Bombr J W Smith, Actg-Bombr H W Barrow, Gnr F W Gymer, Hon. member A McKenzie. Gunners H G Hyde, E Fraser, G H Hurst, J P Watson, A Bond, and J Leask.

By Order,
ARTHUR LESLIE, Captain,
Acting Adjutant, B. V. A.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

JANUARY 23.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.
Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
Cable between Zanzibar and Mombasa has now been opened for traffic.
Mauritius mail closes Zanzibar noon 30th January.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

S LES—EVITT—Jan 23, at Bombay, by Rev. Geo. Cluttbuck, Theodore Maya Sellas, Surgeon, I. M. S., youngest son of A. H. Silles, Esq., Woodland Bank, Cotham, Bristol, to Mary, daughter of W. S. Evitt, Esq., of East Dulwich, of the Stock Exchange, London.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

URRIDGE—Jan 20, at Bareilly, the wife of Major F Burridge, R.A. of a son.
DAVISON—January 23, at Dilkusha, Lucknow, the wife of Captain K S Davison, 2nd Bengal Cavalry, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

DEDRICKSON—COMLEY—Jan 20, at St Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, by the Rev A H Bowman, Dr Robert Forrest Dedrickson, to Alice, third daughter of Dr. J Mauparti Comley.
HOLMES—DU MOLETON—January 9, at St. Peter's Church, Negapatam, by the Rev A Margoschis and the Rev T S Darvall, William Cuthbert Holmes, B A,

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

THE NYASSALAND DISPUTE.

LONDON, JAN. 24.

The American Minister at Lisbon attended a meeting of the Geographical Society held here for the purpose of protesting against the action of the English with regard to Nyassaland.

The obstruction the Portuguese put upon the Minister's attendance is that America sympathises with Portugal in the dispute.

LATER.

At a public meeting, called to-day in Lisbon, to consider the national defences a Committee, consisting of a hundred and twenty citizens and officers, was appointed to watch the interests of the general public in regard to the dispute.

THE FORTH BRIDGE.

The first train crossed the Forth Bridge to-day.

DESTRUCTIVE STORMS IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, JAN. 24.

Enormous damage to property and shipping is stated to have occurred in all parts of the United Kingdom as the result of the heavy gales which prevailed during the past few days.

Numerous downs have been flooded.

LATER.

Several vessels of the Atlantic lines have suffered terribly in the gales and report having sighted immense ice-field in their passage across the Atlantic.

A PORTUGUESE-AMERICAN STEAM-SHIP LINE.

It is stated that the American Congress is to be asked to sanction the establishment of a line of steamers between Lisbon and American ports.

TURKEY AND CRETE.

It is asserted to-day that Turkey has prohibited the use of the Greek language in the tribunals in Crete.

FATAL COLLIERY EXPLOSION.

An explosion has occurred at one of the Pontypool collieries in the South Wales coalfield, five miners being killed.

THE GERMAN SOCIALIST BILL.

LONDON, JAN. 24.

The Emperor William presided at the Conference of Ministers held to-day to discuss the details of the measure dealing with Socialism in Germany.

SUDDEN ILLNESS OF MR. JUSTICE MANISTY.

Mr. Justice Manisty, whilst engaged in the law courts, became seriously ill, and it was found he had sustained a paralytic stroke.

[Sir Henry Manisty was born in 1808 at Edlingham, Northumberland, of which parish his father was vicar. He was educated at Durham Grammar School. He practised as a solicitor from 1830-42, being called to the Bar in 1845, when he rapidly acquired an extensive practice and became Queen's Counsel in 1857. In 1876 Sir Henry became a Judge of the Queen's Bench Division of the High Court of Justice, and during the time he has held that high office has given many important and valuable decisions.]

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE GERMAN SOCIALIST BILL.

BERLIN, JAN. 23.

The Reichstag approved the permanency of Socialist Law, but has rejected the clause empowering expulsion.

THE CLEVELAND STREET SCANDAL.

LONDON, JAN. 24.

At the Bow Street Police Court yesterday Mr. Newton and others were committed to take their trial at the next sessions of the Central Court. The defendants were admitted to bail.

THE FRENCH PARLIAMENT.

PARIS, JAN. 23.

All groups forming the Right have coalesced into one.

SIR BENJAMIN SIMPSON.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 24.

Sir Benjamin Simpson has returned from his tour in Burma.

PUNJAB CHIEF COURT JUDGESHIP.

Mr. A. H. Benton is to be a Judge of the Chief Court of the Punjab, in place of Mr. Burney, retired.

Mr. H. T. Rivaz has been appointed a temporary additional judge.

THE LEPROSY QUESTION.

Any comprehensive legislation upon the leprosy question is likely to be suspended until the Commission, which is being sent out from England, has made its report.

THE EAST INDIA RAILWAY.

General Strachey and Sir Alexander Rendel are expected to reach Bombay on the 3rd proximo, as already announced. They came on business connected with the East India Railway.

NAWAB MUNIR-UL-MULK'S HEALTH.

Since Wednesday there has been a change for the worst in Nawab Munir-ul-Mulk's condition. He has developed pneumonic phthisis with a very high night temperature and severe diarrhœa, and in consequence is very prostrate and low.

Surgeon-General Roberts and Dr. Laurie are in attendance.

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, JAN. 23.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Oceana, with the outward English mails of the 17th January, left here for Aden at 9 p.m. to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

ZANZIBAR, JAN. 23.

H. H. the Sultan of Zanzibar's s. s. Swordsman arrived here to-day direct from Bombay.

COLOMBO, JAN. 24.

H.M.S. Cockchafer and Espoir left for Aden.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JAN. 23.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats firm.

Good Dhollera..... 4¼d.

The Manchester Market is firm upward tendency demand checked by the full rates asked.

Yarnings.

7 lbs. Shirtings	5-1½
8½ „ „	6-4
40s Mule Twist	9½
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight ...	1s. 5d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account	97⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	87½
4 per cent. Rupee paper	69½
4½ per cent. „	72
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107½
Bar silver.....	44 9-16d. per oz.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—Total bullion, £ 19,200,000, increase, £ 500,000 ; public deposits £ 6,000,000, increase, £ 600,000 ; other deposits £ 23,800,000, decrease, £ 2,000,000 ; other securities, £ 20,800,000, decrease, £ 1,100,000 ; notes and gold, £ 11,630,000, increase, £ 900,000. The Bank's reserve is 40 per cent. of the liabilities.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Latest dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 24th Jan. 1890.

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission.* Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	24	12	13	10	49
Teheran	24	6	54	0	14
Suez	24	5	56	22	9

* Difference in longitude allowed for.

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. 24th Jan. 1890.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	46	...	7
„ Karachee	...	19	...	1
„ Madras	...	53	...	1

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT, JAN. 23.

10 p.m.	74·3

FRIDAY, JAN. 24.

3 a.m.	73·3
10 „	75·4
1 p.m.	76·6
4 „	76·3

VANITY FAIR.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JAN. 3.

What a very lugubrious greeting the editor of the *Lady* gives his readers on New Year's day ! And what a deplorable looking young female sits in sonnet drapery on the frozen frontispiece of his new volume. It is true our New Year has opened sadly. There is gloom over the East End of London, and the poor modern Rachel of Whitechapel and Poplar is mourning her children and will not be consoled. There are twenty-six little places vacant that need not be, if common sense were not such an unknown quantity in public institutions. Let us hope that so severe an object lesson will not be thrown away. But it is not in sympathy with East End mourners that the *Lady* sighs. I think she is morbid on her own account. "How many of us," she asks, "have helped the world to grow a little whiter, and how many of us would leave a blank were we never to wake in the New Year ? Ah !" she sighs, "it is all very well for unthinking folk to dance the old year out, to make merry over his adieux ; but the older ones amongst us cannot but reflect on the sinking of the sands in the hour glass. Time holds in his thin fingers, and the uncertainty whether we shall live to see the departure of the year now new-born to us must present itself."

* * *

This sounds to me very much as if the *Lady* felt her time has come. Perhaps the advent of Mr. Gardner's *Woman* has depressed her, and she feels that another is anxious to step into her shoes. Well, all I can recommend is that the *Lady* should imitate Madame de Sevigné in her efforts to grow old gracefully, and to quit the world when she must without unnecessary lamentations. Mr. Gardner's *Woman* appeared for the first time to-day, and it is so well got up, that it is sure of success, if it carries out its programme. Contributions are promised from the best women writers. Mrs. Lynn Linton gives an article, Miss Mabel Collins a story, and the gossip is bright and sparkling.

* * *

There was a very gay crowd at the opening of the New Gallery on Tuesday, and much more talking than viewing pictures. The usual faces were on view, Lady Colin Campbell attracting attention by her striking dress of red velvet and zouave jacket beaded in black. One must be very contented with one's appearance when one advertises it so openly. But indeed Lady Colin Campbell would always be remarkable, and on Tuesday she looked specially well. Mrs. Maxse also in red with fur trimming also looked well. Mrs. Schmalz wore a pretty grey dress relieved with black velvet, a large black velvet hat and a fox's head on her muff. There was an artistic contingent who mostly wore picture copied gowns, and there was a very smart theatrical set, Mrs. Beerbohm Tree in a gown of heliotrope velvet and Miss Fortescue looking handsome as usual. Literary folk were represented by the Francillons, the Pollocks, Mr. Forbes Robinson and Mrs. Fenwick Miller.

* * *

There is a smart story of Mrs. Fenwick Miller on the subject of the equality of men and women. Replying to a correspondent's question if she really thought that women could if they liked do all that men can do, she said : Speaking for myself, there is at least one thing that many men have done, and now do, which I know I should never have the courage to do. I have studied medicine, contested elections, written political leaders—all like a man—but though I have never yet worn on my head a tress of hair that has not grown there, I am sure I never, never should have the courage to go about with a bald head. To which sentiment I feel certain, even the most advanced woman's righter would cry : "Hear, hear."

* * *

Besides going bald, I think there are a few other prerogatives of men with which most women would dispense. How dreadful, on these cold, dark, foggy mornings, it must be for the man with an unbecoming beard to rise up and lather and shave and how melancholy to know that no matter how carefully and conscientiously it was done, the operation should be repeated every succeeding day until the still drearier day came when we should shake off finally "this mortal coil," as Shakespeare says, and leave whiskers, beards, and long waving tresses for ever behind us.

* * *

Talking of head coverings reminds me of some delicately soft light caps made of tulle and gossamer, which are worn now by ladies whose hair parting begins to show the tracks of time, or perhaps of a too liberal use of those instruments of torture, the crimping pins, which in bygone times called forth the anathemas of the prophet Isaiah. One cap worn by a middle-aged lady, with white hair raised on a cushion, was of scarlet tulle, relieved by a bunch of scarlet geranium, showing a few leaves of variegated brown and green. Another of coral pink had sprays of delicate pinkish yellow heather, peeping out through the quilling at the edge. Embroidered crape of various delicate shades is very pretty and light for caps, and with bows of different shades, or of contrasting colours it is very becoming. There are some very comfortable hoods made of coloured Indian Cashmere, lined with soft silk that can be easily slipped over any head dress, and which are most comfortable for all sorts and conditions of women who go out in the winter evenings.

* * *

A novelty for children is the Dutch bonnet, a stiff little confection that looks pretty on a pretty child but is most trying to a plain one. It is made in plush or velvet, lined with a contrasting colour, and has the demure look of the old coal scuttle of quaker-shaped bonnet. Another new thing is an umbrella sheath which hangs from the girdle or chatelaine, and is an admirable invention for those absent-minded beings who have a facility, for leaving their umbrellas in trains, cabs, or other people's hall stands. Among the many relics of the Paris Exhibition on view in the shops, the bits of artificial flowers are the prettiest. Even on these days of fog and grime, London shop fronts are gay as a tropical garden. Ball-dresses, literally covered with blossoms, are greatly worn, in spite of their extreme fragility. At one of the subscription dances a few nights ago a young girl wore a golden tulle sprinkled all over with coral pink heather, which by the small hours of the night was scattered in every direction. There was heather here, and heather there, heather on men's coats and on old lady's laces and very little was left in the possession of the original owner.

* * *

Talking of the things of which women are incapable, I wonder are there not some things which women undertake, from which the hardiest male would recoil, or which he would declare himself unfitted. For instance are there many men who would care to imitate Miss Florence Marryatt, the daughter of the novelist, who in her anxiety to do justice to a piece which Mr. Fred Weatherly had written for her to recite took up her abode in a lunatic asylum. The sensation which the poem "Ward III., Dangerous" created in St. James's Hall was amazing. Miss F. Marryatt acted the piece dressed in character with a wig, which was white in a patch over the brain. When she advanced with eyes glaring to the front of the platform, the audience rose and fled—about the highest tribute to the actress's power that could be paid. A still more alarming effect was produced a few days ago at an Austrian theatre by the well-known comic actor Dessoir's becoming suddenly demented while performing his part in the hypochondriac. It was some time before he could be got away—then the play was continued as usual. So much for Austrian phlegm.

* * *

After many a slip that seemed but to increase Prince Murat's appetite for the bumper of matrimonial bliss (a cup is too mean a vessel to mention on this occasion) it will be withheld no longer from his parched lips, and he will have the opportunity of tasting its sweets, and, if I were in one of my miserable cynical moods, I might add, its bitters. But, it ill becomes me to croak on the first days of the New Year, even if a prize American heiress is snapped up by a fascinating foreigner. Our marriage service, too, is quite explicit enough in bidding people prepare for all emergencies—it warns them to be ready not only for bad times, but also for "worse." Let us hope there will be no "worse" in the future for Prince Murat and Miss Geraldine Caldwell. If reams of paper squandered on elaborate settlements can ensure happiness, there is every prospect that the Prince and Princess's lot will be a happy one. These wonderful settlements, that have been for months providing occupation for lawyers, and copy for gossip columns, have, at length, been amicably drawn up, and the Prince has expressed himself contented with them. I have not heard that he has agreed to add the words "honor and obey" to his share of the marriage service, but in signing the settlements he practically does the same.

* * *

Does it not seem like the dawn of a new day for women when men can be trained to accept the goods their wives provide in a humble and grateful spirit. But it is premature to glory in the subjugation of the lords of creation. One swallow does not make a summer—nor one pretty, loverlike speech denote an admirable husband ; note the O'Connors and French Brewsters, O'Sheas and Parnells with whose names gossip has been meddling lately. There is a romantic story going the rounds of London tea tables of how Mrs. O'Shea once saved the life of Ireland's uncrowned King, and, of course earned his admiration as a reward. At a ball she overheard the arrangement of a plot to assassinate Mr. Parnell on his way home, and cleverly defeated it by sending a mock Mr. Parnell back in his carriage, and taking the genuine one under her own protection. Mr. William O'Connor, mentioned in the French Brewster Case as the husband of the charming Mrs. O'Connor, is the son of the merchant Mr. Val O'Connor who bought the Derby estates in Tipperary.

SOME VERY HUMBLE CITIZENS.

THE DHOBIE.

The dhobie has not read Seneca, or in fact any one else, and for that reason could not tell you what means that Roman philosopher prescribes for securing happiness ; yet after a long acquaintance with the dhobie, I deliberately make the statement that he is distinctly happy. I dare say that had the subject of my present article read the author in question he would not have been happy. To begin with no man who could read Seneca would be content to be a dhobie ; but would endeavour to become a mamlatdar or the editor of a Bengalee paper, or something equally eminent : in the next place he would have become aware of the essential qualities in a man required to make him happy, and that would have effectually ruined all his chances of ever becoming so, for to be happy a man must be unaware that he is so.

Now I have made a positive statement in regard to the dhobie, and I will set about proving the correctness of it, point by point. "The true felicity of life is to be free from perturbation." What class of men in this wide world is so free from perturbations as our dhobie ? He is deeply in debt ; he has lost several articles of wearing apparel belonging to his constituents ; he knows that most of the linen entrusted to his care has been battered about woefully, and he knows that he is at least half a week behind time with more than half of his customers. This load of trouble would be sufficient to crush any ordinary mortal ; yet is our dhobie not perturbed. He yet chants his simple lay as he goes on dashing a dress shirt to pieces on the oblong stone he reserves for such purposes, over and above dipping the article in operating upon into the pool of dirty water which has collected at his feet, and which has served to wash several hundred articles of clothing. He knows he will have to face a terrible array of fierce *memsahibs*, yet does he not diminish the cheerfulness with which he says hish ! hish ! shaha-a as he rinses the water from the garment he is washing. His family have been dhobies for many generations past, and the founder of the dynasty had these very same troubles to face. At that early date a set of excuses was made, which original set, like the Twelve Tables, is held in much reverence by our present dhobie, and is always made use of on the occasion of any emergency. These excuses are extremely simple, and seemingly honest, and not likely, to be forgotten easily.

The week before last he was threatened with dismissal for a long series of damages he had committed. He said that his wife was very ill, and so he was compelled to entrust the clothes to some other dhobie, who treacherously betrayed the trust reposed in him and damaged them. Last week when again accused he said that his aged mother was on the point of death in her native village, and he had to visit her, so he was very late with the washing. He is late again this week, and will say that he lost his maternal grandmother and had to look after her funeral, and rather than entrust the clothes to any one he allowed them to lie at his house, knowing that his *ma bap*, (an infuriated elderly lady) will take pity on him and forgive him. He feels that he will scarcely be believed this time, yet is he not perturbed.

The next essential to happiness is "to enjoy the present without any serious dependence upon the future, and to understand our duties to God and man." Does not the dhobie do all these things ? He is aware that his clientele is rapidly diminishing, yet is he quite happy. This is enjoying the present without any serious dependence upon the future. He also does his duty to God and man in a manner understands that duty to be, in a perfectly conscientious manner. Of course, we may not think that he properly understands this duty, but that is only a matter of opinion. He has been taught that his duty to God is to borrow a certain sum of money at one hundred per cent. from the Bunnia living half-way down the street, in the shop painted green and red, and with the money borrowed to dress his wife and children on the several feast days that occur and, in company with them, to repair to the shrines of particular deities, and make an offering of flowers and red dust. This he does punctually, and indeed takes a great delight in ; for on his return home he does he not meet Rama and Krishna and several other friends, and in company with them does he not discuss the aromatic *bewra* ? His duty to man clearly is to wash his clothes and to endeavour to make him believe that he does so in a proper manner. He does wash clothes and he does try to make people believe that he washes them well : if he does not succeed that is no fault of his. He kills whole battalions of his relations every year with the object of trying to make his customers content with having their clothes torn, and what more can the poor man do ?

Although he has not read he knows that "liberty and serenity of mind must necessarily ensue upon the mastering of those things which either allure or affright us." In the days of his youth the stealing of clothes by "counting short" was an allurement ; but it has so become part of every day's proceedings that it has ceased to be an allurement, and he now regards it as a legitimate portion of his duty to man. This was his only allurement in life, and as he has mastered it he has done half of what was required. Things that affrighted him were angry *mem sahibs*, and the Bunnia aforesaid. The *mem sahibs* as has already been pointed out have ceased to have any effect upon him long ago ; and as an obliging friend has pointed out that the Bunnia will never arrest him for the debt, which although he pays something towards it every month yet never grows less, that red-bearded individual has ceased to have any terrors for him too. This friend quoth thus :—"You see, the Bunnia knows that if he arrest your property he will not get more than a few rupees for it, and if if he arrests you, you will be content to go to jail where he will have to pay for your maintenance, and you will also cease paying him anything at all. In fact if you were able to pay him the whole amount at once he would rather not take it ; you give him a little every month and he can easily make that go for interest."

Under these circumstances I again say that the dhobie is a happy man.

At home the setting up of a laundry is no light matter. Many things, and what not have to be purchased, and the laundress feels herself called upon to see that the clothes are at least reasonably clean before she delivers them. The whole stock-in-trade of an Indian dhobie is a big smooth stone, a hole in the ground about four feet square, a half barrel, a wife, and several children. If he happens to be an eldest son he has all these requisites provided for him ; for he inherits the stone hole and barrel from his father, and he has provided himself with the wife and children while he was an assistant under the paternal roof. If he is a younger brother he borrows a small sum of money from the nearest Bunnia, and sets up in business.

With the dhobie the order of things is reversed. To the ordinary man, (poor man of course), a wife and several children are a source of expense, not to say embarrassment : but without a wife and several children a dhobie would be unable to earn a living. The reason of this is that the wife and each one of the children help the father in his work, and so the more children the dhobie has the better for him. This of course cannot but be a further source of happiness to him. A dhobie's work cannot admit of any regularity. He washes, say, for about thirty people, each one of whom asks him to come on some particular day at some particular hour for soiled linen. Now if he went personally for the linen it is clear he would not have any time to look after the washing, and so it comes about that the procession of women and children who march into your house every week, with bundles of clean clothes on their heads, are captained by a different individual each time. This, besides relieving the dhobie of the necessity of visiting thirty houses twice a week, is also very convenient on occasions when clothes are lost. You complain to the person counting out the clothes that certain articles are missing. He smiles feebly, and says he does not know, he did not take the clothes ; but he will tell the dhobie proper about it. Ten to one you forget all about it next week, and so the dhobie is not troubled. Besides this portion of the work, a family is of great use in the actual washing, &c., of the clothes.

No sooner are the soiled clothes taken to the dhobie's house than they have to be "marked." A pin and a gall nut are required for this purpose. The pin is thrust into the nut and dots and dashes are drawn artistically on the collar or some conspicuous part of each garment. Each family has its own special design, which it is as jealous of as a merchant is of his trade mark. I might incidentally remark that this marking of linen has often been of great assistance to the detective police in murder cases. After the marking the linen is put into the "buttee," which is a large copper pot, and boiled up. After the boiling they are beaten about on stones, and then dried. Patches of grassy land are usually chosen for this purpose. It often happens that the grass patch is as dusty as a high road, in which cases the clothes suffer. This however does not disturb the dhobie, for it is not his fault that the grass was dusty. Where no grass patches are convenient two ropes are twisted together and raised on bamboos, and the ends of the clothing are thrust between the twisted ropes which answers as well as the line and pegs of the English laundress.

W.

The North Sea and Baltic Canal, which was commenced on June 3, 1887, will unite the Gulf of Kiel with the mouth of the Elbe, and will run from Holtenau by way of Rendsburg to a point midway between Brunsbuttel and St. Margarethen, a few miles below Hamburg. It will, when completed, be 61 miles long, 196 feet broad at the water level, 85 feet broad at the bottom, and 28 feet deep, and it will have but two locks—one at each end. The canal will take in the largest warship that has been or will be constructed in Germany, and will, moreover, take her at all states of the tide, and in less than eight hours it will be possible for her to proceed by it from Kiel to the Elbe, or *vice versa*.

NOTES FROM GOA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

GOA, JAN. 22.

The telegraphic message that Senhor Vasco de Guedes Carvalho e Menezes, our Governor-General, was appointed a War Minister to the New Cabinet under the leadership of Senhor Serpa Pimental was received with dismay by the public who have found his Excellency one of the best Governors we have ever had. Within the short period his Excellency has been here, he has shown an independent spirit in executing the mandates of the Cabinet, whose orders to his predecessors were invariably listened to with blind obedience. His recent act in not interfering with the election of a popular Deputy has raised him in public estimation, and his removal at the present juncture when financial crises and the renewal of the Anglo-Portuguese Treaty is under consideration, would have been a positive misfortune. There is much speculation as to the reason for summoning so urgently Senhor Eanes, the Chief Justice. Of late our High Court has been a deplorable scene of wrangling, giving scandal to the public. The animosities existing among the members of the Bench are of public notoriety. What can be expected, when the honorable judges wrangle with each other, like street-boys, in a public Court ? Whatever may be the merits or defects of individual judges there is one thing against them. They are grouped into factions, and each party hates each other as heartily as possible. Whatever measures may be proposed to bring back harmony, nothing short of a radical reconstitution of the *personnel* will afford the desired peace to our first judicial tribunal. As regards Senhor Arez, the Commissioner of Customs and Abkari, it is probable that he has been invited to Portugal to afford advice and information to the Minister who is now considering the renewal of the Anglo-Portuguese treaty. It is unfortunate that statistics of the working are not given in a public report to let the public know how far the treaty has been advantageous to the country. Public opinion which was previously in favour of the treaty has swerved round. The change has been brought on by the enormous liability incurred on the railway expenditure, and falsification of hopes in the railway receipts. But the late increase in the Abkari rate has created even greater dissatisfaction, and modifications are asked for in the clause of the treaty which empowers the British Government to enforce whatever Abkari rate may be prevailing at the time in the surrounding British districts.

BACHMERIA REAPING.

The secretary of the Chamber of Commerce forwards the following copy of a letter addressed by Mr Hosie, Acting Consul of Hanchow, with reference to the practice pursued by reapers of bachmeria in China :—

Sir,—The cultivation of Bachmeria rhea and the decortication of the bark have, I understand, occupied the attention of the Government of India for many years. I have not had the opportunity of personally observing in India itself, the culture and preparation of this important textile, but in the performance of my duties in various parts of China I have been able to pay some attention to the methods of reaping the plant, methods which seem to me to be deserving of some consideration.

In Western China, where the harvesting of opium approximates very closely to the method pursued in India, the stems of Bachmeria are cut down, made into bundles, and carried from the fields to the house of the grower. Here they are steeped in water, and the bark with the fibre removed by hand. In the province of Chikiang, where I am now stationed, a different method is practised. When the stems are ripe in June, the peasant removes the bark *on the field* in a very simple, ingenious, and, as it appears to me, very profitable manner. Seizing each stem about six inches above ground between the thumb and fingers of both hands a few inches apart he gives a smart push downwards and forwards causing a compound fracture of the stem between the two hands. He then inserts the forefinger of his left hand in the fracture and draws the bark downwards to the root where it readily detaches itself. In the same way the bark of the upper part of the stem, which he holds in his right hand are removed, and by a simple brush of the hand from the root end of the bark is ready for future manipulation. By this means as it seems to me seven inches of bark and fibre are saved, and as length of staple adds much to the value of the fibre, the plan here pursued would appear to deserve attention in a country like India where Bachmeria is of so great commercial importance. Another advantage of the system is that the leaves and stems remain in the fields, and help to manure the other two crops.

I am totally unacquainted with the system pursued in India, and should the plan I have now described be already practised there I can only offer an apology for troubling you and excuse myself on the ground of trying to give some information that might prove of value to our Indian Empire.

ANGLO-INDIAN EVANGELISATION SOCIETY.

A meeting of the above Society, as was briefly mentioned in yesterday's issue, was held at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms, on Thursday evening. Mr. Conder presided, and opened the meeting by calling upon Rev. T. F. Row, the late secretary of the Society, who spoke of the need of this kind of evangelistic work, as there was a large and ever-increasing number of English-speaking people, out off from regular religious administrations. He gave some account of the work done by the evangelists at Ootacamund, the Wynaad, South Coorg, and along the lines of Railway. Here marked though the Society has had a fair amount of success since its formation in 1870, and during the past two years there had been an increase in its Indian income. Notwithstanding the loss of many old friends who had left the country the Society, being non-sectarian was well deserving of the support of all who desired the religious welfare of their widely-scattered countrymen in India. He had, however, now been relieved by Rev. J. Forgan, of Simla, in the secretaryship of the Association, and will thus be free in future for purely evangelistic work.

Mr. Fawcett Shaw was next called upon. In the course of his remarks he dwelt upon the immorality and ungodliness prevalent in some small settlements along the lines, where his work principally lay ; and where no efforts were made to preach the gospel except by the Society. At a few stations work was, he said, done by others, but there was always room for more, especially as the line was being extended and new stations were being built. He concluded by saying that though more helpers were urgently needed, yet that little had as yet been done had been attended with satisfactory results.

Mr. Christian than addressed the meeting. He endeavoured to impress upon his hearers that the Society was purely undenominational, and that all could therefore interest themselves in its work. He gave accounts of his work upon the Madras Railway, and said he had no idea, until he worked upon that line, of the deep degradation into which many had fallen through the want of religious privileges. He had the satisfaction, however, of feeling that he had wrought some good, for upon his leaving for the South Mahratta district there were many—he thought sincere—expressions of regret. He urged upon his hearers the necessity for more workers, saying that there was very much more to be done, than could be accomplished by their present staff.

Mr. Forgan, the new secretary, then made a few remarks. He said he feared his record would appear uninteresting after what had been already said, as he had only "broken ground" in the work. He felt sure that interest must have been awakened by what had been recounted. He gave an outline of his work amongst our soldiers, and spoke of the extension of the temperance movement among them. His district had been as a rule in the north, in Simla direction, and he had done much among the natives, many of them, he said, having felt the power of Christian truth. He thought all the reports exceedingly encouraging, but he had a special reason for coming to Bombay—he thought this city ought to do its share in helping on the work of the Society for it must not be thought, that, because Mr. Row had said finances were in a better condition, that they did not need more money, as the work might be extended almost indefinitely, with great advantage.

Mr. Conder made a few appropriate remarks, suggesting subscriptions being enlarged, and expressed himself most interested in the work. He said he thought there was no place where the Europeans would not be glad to have some one to preach to them.

Mr. Row having proposed a vote of thanks to Mr. Conder for presiding, the meeting was brought to a close.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Jan. 24—Barometer has risen in north-western India and several stations in the west of the Peninsula and in Tenasserim, but it has fallen elsewhere. The fall is rapid in Central Bengal, and the rise is brisk in Punjab, Rajputana, Sind, and west of North-West Provinces. Depression is lying over Oudh and yesterday advanced to Bengal and the centre near Burdwan. Winds are cyclonic in Bengal, Southerly in the Carnatic, generally between north and west, elsewhere it is strong and squally in many parts of the country. Temperature has fallen in the North-West and below the normal in Sind and Rajputana. Weather is squally in the Bombay Presidency and Central India and the Central Provinces. Showers have fallen in several places in the North-west Provinces and at hill stations and in Assam ; it is improving in Punjab but likely to become unsettled in Bengal, while small storms are probable in Guzerat, Sind, and Central India.

A delegation, consisting of three members, has been appointed to leave Western Australia to confer with the British Government for the purpose of obtaining responsible administration for the colony. The delegates will be Sir F. Napier Broome, Sir T. C. Campbell, and Mr. S. H. Parker. Sir William Robinson, who has been acting Governor for Victoria in the absence of Sir Henry Loch, will also accompany the delegates. Sir William Robinson being the newly-appointed Governor of Western Australia will second the efforts of the delegation in their demand for responsible government.

A Cairo correspondent writes :—Stanley, you know, was much beloved by a young lady of good family in London : but he had not the courage to propose. The lady is here now, staying at Shepheard's Hotel, and from what I hear is determined to bring him to the sticking point. Be not surprised if you hear of Stanley's marriage taking place in Egypt.

NEXT-OF-KIN MARRIAGES IN ANCIENT IRAN.

Dr. L. C. Casartelli, of St. Bede's College, Manchester, contributes to the *Babylonian and Oriental Record* for 1889 a short notice of Dastur Darab Peshotan Sanjana's treatise on the above subject, from which we give the following extract :—

The accomplished translator of Geiger's *Ostiranische Kultur im Alterthum*, lately published at Oxford,—Dastur Darab Peshotan Sanjana, son of the distinguished Parsi High Priest, (to whom we owe the important edition of the *Dinkart* now appearing in Bombay)—has lately issued (London, Trubner and Co.) an able pamphlet, entitled "The alleged practice of Next-of-Kin Marriages in Old Iran." This is the substance of papers read before the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society.

Dastur Darab ostensibly makes his pamphlet a reply to the Belgian Orientalist, M. J. van den Gheyn, M. R. A. S., who touches upon the subject of *Khvetuk-das* in his recent work "*Essais de Mythologie et de Philologie comparée.*" After quoting in detail the passage from this writer which he impugns, the Dastur adds :

"Such is the observation of the Rev. Mr. Gheyn. It is not, however, the outcome of personal investigations in the field of Iranian literature, but it is almost exclusively founded on the later sources of Oriental knowledge in the series of the "Sacred Books of the East" planned by Prof. Max Muller."

It might appear, after this, obtrusive on my part to interfere in the discussion, and preferable that I should leave M. van den Gheyn to meet his very able opponent. But there are considerations which seem to throw on me the onus of a reply. For it so happens that the passage impugned by the Dastur Darab is not in any way based on the "Sacred Books of the East," but occurs in the midst of a lengthy review of my own memoir "Philosophie religieuse du Mazdéisme sous les Sassanides," published in 1884. Nay, the very passage in question is quoted *almost verbatim* from that source, and is in reality my own. It is inconceivable that the Dastur, if he has read M. van den Gheyn's paper, should not have perceived this fact. I think that this will sufficiently justify my intervention in this discussion.

Let me begin by doing justice to the marked ability and learning of the Dastur's essay. It is quite the best and fullest statement of the modern Parsi view that has yet appeared. The interesting question at issue is this :—Is it true, as certain ancient writers assert, that closely consanguineous marriages (what we should call incestuous ones, *e. g.*, between brothers and sister,) were practised and considered lawful in ancient Persia ? Does the word *Qaetvadatha* in the Avesta, and the Pehlevi form *Khvetuk-das*— employed as the name of some virtuo or excellent act—signify such incestuous union ? Most European scholars answer the double question in the affirmative. Modern Parsis—who, as is admitted on all hands, far from practising, abominate the custom—emphatically say "No !" Dastur Darab sums up his own thesis in the following words :—"I. That the *slight* authority of some isolated passages gleaned from the pages of Greek and Roman literature is wholly insufficient to support the odious charge. II. That no trace, hint, or suggestion of such a custom can be pointed out in the Avesta or its Pehlevi version. III. That the Pehlevi passages translated by a distinguished English Pehlevi savant (*i.e.* Dr. E. W. West), and supposed to have references to such a custom, cannot be interpreted as upholding the view that next-of-kin marriages were expressly recommended therein. That a few of the Pehlevi passages which are alleged to contain actual references to such marriages, do not bear such a meaning in the light of historical conditions relating to the creation of the first progenitors of mankind. IV. That the words of the prophet Zarathushtra himself, which are preserved in one of the strophes of the Gatha, shap. LIII., express a highly moral idea of the marriage relation.

Let me say here that, as far as the present paper is concerned, we might pass by the points I., II., and IV. in silence, or even with a *transeat* : just at present we are engaged with a purely Pehlevist question, referring to proposition III. which turns entirely on the meaning of the term *Khvetuk-das* and explanation given to it in Pehlevi literature. We know that the term is not understood in the sense objected to by modern Parsis nowadays ; it *might* be proved that the objectionable practice was unknown in ancient Iran, and that the Avesta *Qaet* and *datha* has another signification. Yet, logically, it may still be true that in Sassanian and sub-Sassanian times *Khvetuk-das* meant what we maintain it to mean. Nay, more, we grant that Dastur Darab is successful enough in showing that the Greek and Latin writers, as long as their authority stands alone, cannot be held to afford conclusive evidence in support of the charge ; also that the passages of the Avesta are not necessarily to be interpreted in the sense assumed ; nay, that these two authorities combined are inadequate, taken by themselves, to withstand the criticism of modern Parsi scholars. But we do maintain that the Pehlevi literature itself, of Sassanid and post-Sassanid times, speaks so clearly, abundantly, and emphatically on the point, that it is impossible to refuse its testimony.

THE *ECHIS CARINATA* AND ITS ALLEGED ANTIDOTE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—The appalling statistics of the mortality from the bite of the above snake brought to notice by Mr. G. W. Vidal, C.S., at the recent meeting of the Bombay Natural History Society, makes one shudder to find that the death-rate in the Ratnagherry district alone averaged 618 per day during the years 1882-87. It is to be hoped that Mr. Vidal will continue his interesting narrative, and let us have some authentic information on the supposed antidote discovered by a medical officer at the above civil station. In the interim please allow me to say a few words anent the "bite of the *echis carinata* and the antidote."

The bite from the *echis* (*puras* or *kapar*) produces peculiar symptoms to any other of the ophidian *venenose* family; its *virus* liquetys, while the others coagulate the blood. Besides, a severe bite from an *echis* causes excessive hæmorrhage from the part bitten, from the gums, and from any eruption that may be on the body. Death ensues from continuous bleeding, and, I am told, is accelerated when ammonia is administered. Of course, I am open to correction.

Mr. Vidal, C.S., is doubtless aware that there exists a shrub—pogostomon purpuricanlis—on the Western Ghats and at Poona ; the root of which, if masticated and also if applied to the punctured part like a plaster, it will almost instantly allay the hæmorrhage. In fact, I have learnt, it acts like a styptical charm, but only in case of the echis ? Has the root been tried, if so, what has been the result ? I have not seen Dr. Dymock's book on Indian botany ; perhaps the properties of this apparently valuable medical plant has been fully noticed by him. Mr. G. Carstensen, of the Victoria Gardens, will be able to farther enlighten us most probably ?

The pogostemon purpuricanlis—after a great deal of trouble (qv *Asian*, 29th October last)—I find to have a number of *aliases* or pet names, so commonly given now-a-days by our modern botanists. Since Drury and Birdwood's (Vegetable Products) and Loudon mention nothing about this shrub, I communicated (through the *Asian*) to "Smoothbore," and am indebted to him for the following synonyms :—

Pogostomon purpuricanlis...	Dals in Hook.
Do. purpuricale.....	Drury, Indian Flora, Vol. II., p. 59.
Do. parvi florus.....	Benth in Wall.
Do. pubiscrus.....	Benth in D. C. L.
Do. fontascras	Graham's Cat., Bom., pl. 149.
Do. intermedius.....	Wall Cat. 3327.
Pangla	Bombay Prez.

The secretary of the "Botanical Section, Bombay Natural History Society," I hope, will be good enough to analyse the root of this plant, which it is supposed to be a styptical agent, and let the members (I am one) know if the alleged antidote has been proved to be efficacious in the bite of the *echis carinata*, and known to Anglo-Ind

FERRELL'S COMPANY AT THE NOVELTY.

On Thursday night the very [illegible] successfully performed [illegible] by Mr. J. Ferrell and his com[illegible] of Lady Isabel and [illegible] sustained by Miss [illegible] took fair to become [illegible] the meeting in the last two [illegible] desired. Mr. Ferrell proved himself to be a [illegible] Mr. Arthur as Archibald [illegible] as Sir Francis Levison, both [illegible] their own characters into those [illegible] the former the villain of the piece, [illegible] which showed to greater [illegible] as Mr. Bill, Mr. Carlyle's [illegible] was very amusing, his cool asides and [illegible] great laughter. To Miss Verrini [illegible] Miss Barbara Hare (afterwards [illegible] Mr. Bullock (Mr. Irving), police [illegible] in plain clothes and Sir F. Levison *alias* Thorne, when the latter was arrested for murder, evoked much laughter. Mr. Ferrell's company has made but a short stay in this city, to-night being their last, but in leaving for fresh fields they must at least feel that those who have witnessed their amusing farces and burlesques have thoroughly appreciated the trouble that has been taken to amuse and entertain.

Mr. Ferrell, strange to say, has kept his best card to crown that lot with. The burlesque of the "season," which was produced last night, was undoubtedly the best piece of the kind produced during Ferrell's short season. The acting all through was clever, proving most conclusively that burlesque is the company's forte. It was bright and sparkling throughout. Then again, the songs were of a merry catching nature, while the topical and local hits were witty to say the least of it. Added to that the dresses and mounting, were exceedingly pretty. It is a pity the stay of the company has been so short and that "Aladdin" was only produced last night for the first time, having only another night (to-night) for it to be played, for had it been played at the commencement, it would most assuredly have proved a draw.

THE MURIDKI CAVALRY CAMP.

It was originally intended that after the rear-guard action of Monday, Palmer's division should retire on Westerhad, whilst Colonel Lance should return to this Camp, moving out again on Thursday to oppose Colonel Pennington's advance. Owing to threatening weather this plan was abandoned and the troops on Tuesday had a well-earned rest, during which the competitors for the prize for feats of horsemanship performed before, I hope, a fairly appreciative audience, though I must confess the majority of spectators voted the whole show exceedingly monotonous. The following ten were selected to exhibit their skill before the Patron and then compete for the final prize:—

Daffadar Shah Sowar Khan (18th B. L.), 10 points; Jemadar Mosuffar Khan (Guides), Sowar Sooroo Khroo (Guides), Lance-Daffadar Gul Sher Khan (Guides) and Daffadar Gholam Sowar Khan (15th B. C.), all with 9 points; and Daffadar Ahmad Khan (15th B. C.), Daffadar Mahomed Azed Khan (1st B. C.), Daffadar Noor Mahomed (18th B. L.), Koh Daffadar Sharbat (18th B. L.) and Lance-Daffadar Mahomed Khan (Guides), all 7 points.

Only one competitor turned up for the prize offered to British troops in the person of Sergeant Curtis, K. D. G.'s, who gained 11 points.

Considerable diversity of opinion exists as to Colonel Lance's success in the final action. There is no doubt that he handled his division with marked ability, and in this he was ably seconded by his brigade commanders, notably Colonel Gerard, who, during the flank movement of Napier's brigade, swung round at a gallop and took his place in line at a critical moment, enabling Colonel Lance to oppose Colonel Pennington with 18 squadrons. But this rapid advance after a check could not have occurred in war, and Colonel Palmer, not apprehending that the umpires would permit such a quick resumption of hostilities by the Southern Division, was moving his brigade leisurely in column of section to avoid damage to the crops, when Colonel Lance came through his rear-guard on Colonel Pennington's open to question, after advancing at a [illegible] six miles, whether Colonel Lance [illegible] come off victorious in a more [illegible] by the ground and would [illegible] from one round [illegible] the [illegible] especially [illegible]

[illegible] TIONS.

[illegible] EXPEDITION.

[illegible] TERN BURMA COLUMN.

KALEMYO, 21st January.

[illegible] ported ambush by Kamhows of the convoy [illegible] Yawlu post has not yet come off although considerably overdue. This is either because they cannot muster sufficient strength to attack or because the Tashon Ohins threatened to fight the Kamhows if they ambushed us on their ground.

On the 18th instant a most successful reconnaissance was made by Major Gordon-Cumming, accompanied by Mr. Carey, the Political Officer, into the Tashom country. The Shinshe Chiefs acted as guides. Taking 100 rifles from the advanced Yawlu post Major Gordon-Cumming marched quite five miles over the border. At the first two villages the people kept away, but collected in open ground near. The messengers were then sent ahead to reassure the villagers, and on this the Ohins came up in large numbers and were most friendly, even pressing country liquor on the troops: but this had to be checked. The thugyies of the various villages came out and acted as guides. At the head of a village called Tanwell the Chief came out with a large armed following, but was perfectly peaceful and accompanied the column.

The reconnaissance went to within two miles of Balaw and then returned. Throughout the day the people, once they saw we meant them no harm, were most friendly, bringing fowls, eggs, &c. The chiefs and thugyies openly expressed their astonishment at our peaceful treatment of them, and asserted as they would persuade the Shwebingin Chief to come in. The latter has hitherto continued distinctly hostile.

The road which the reconnoitring party traversed was difficult, including first a descent of 2,000 feet to a stream and then a steep rise of 600 and a gradual rise of 1,000 feet. The Yawlu post is now fully stocked with stores for the column to Tashon Ywama.

THE CHINDOK COLUMN.

PAUK, 8th January.

A column consisting of the Chin Frontier Levy, 600 Sikhs and Punjabis, commanded by Lieutenant Rainey, M.S.C., who is also acting Political Officer, left Chaungu, in the Yaw country, on the 1st instant. Chaungyone, between the Yaw and Maing valleys, was occupied on the 4th, the Chins evacuating the village.

Lieutenant Rainey, accompanied by Captain Williamson, Intelligence duty in the Chindok country, reconnoitred up the Maing Valley on the 6th January. The Chins refused to come in on any terms, and attacked the rear-guard as it left the village of Aikan, severely wounding one sepoy. All the food stuffs at Aikan were burnt, the Chins retiring after several volleys, but still harassing the rear-guard. The total casualties on the 6th January were one sepoy severely and one sepoy slightly wounded, and one Burman dangerously wounded.

The grain stores at Chaungyone were destroyed on the 7th January. Major, a notorious raiding village in Yaw Chaung, was surprised and the Chins driven out by Lieutenant Tighe, commanding the advance-guard. On leaving the village the rear-guard was again attacked in thick grass jungle, the Chins losing three killed and many wounded. The grain in Major was burnt.

On the 8th Kajin was attacked, as the Chins had sent a defiant message to our camp. The roads had all been spiked and the women removed. Our force appeared in an opposite direction to that expected by the Chins and totally surprised the enemy. One wounded Chin was found. The Kajin headman offers his submission now. No casualties occurred on our side, and the enemy's loss is unknown.

The country here is broken and precipitous and covered with thick jungle, and we have no guides. So far the health of the troops is good. An advance to Lokshey will be made immediately.

THE SHWELI EXPEDITION.

MANDALAY, 21st January.

Khamo Column, Manton, 19th January.—Major George Forbes, of the Hampshire Regiment, has been dangerously wounded by a bullet through the lungs at Lowain.

Lieutenant Sewell is doing well.—*Pioneer.*

HERSEY DEFAMATION CASE.

The suit for defamation instituted by Mr. A. Hearsey against Mr. Allen, the managing proprietor of the *Pioneer*, came on for hearing before Mr. Marsden, Chief Presidency Magistrate, on Wednesday. Mr. Smithard, instructed by Messrs. Bentty and Kemp appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. Pugh and Mr. Malcolm Hooper instructed by Messrs. Sanderson and Co., Government Solicitors for the defence.

Mr. Smithard opened the case for the prosecution in a short preliminary speech, and read the now [illegible] paragraph which was the ground of the [illegible] in an article [illegible] after which he [illegible] three witnesses who could not be found. Mr. Chesney, editor of the *Pioneer*, was the third witness, and he deposed to Mr. Allen, the managing proprietor, having been the writer of the paragraph.

Cross-examined by Mr. Pugh, Mr. Chesney said: Mr. Allen was in England when the proceedings against [illegible] were instituted by Mr. Hearsey. He had [illegible] telegram from Mr. Allen desiring him to [illegible] (Mr. Allen's) responsibility and get the case [illegible] till his return to India.

[illegible] terms was how put in, and after some [illegible] the case was eventually adjourned [illegible] to-day owing to the absence of some wit[illegible]

SONGS OF THE WEST.

The Rev. S. Baring-Gould, fresh from his Dartmoor home, has been lately busily engaged at the British Museum in tracing to other countries some of the songs and ballads of Devon and Cornwall. In a cosy room in Keppel-street he extended to me at the close of one of his laborious days of research, the genial welcome which visitors to Lew-Trenchard, where he discharges the duties of parson and enjoys the privileges of squire, delight to remember. One of the most accomplished scholars and versatile writers of our day, his learning sits lightly upon him; and it was with a meek and unaffected grace that he expressed his willingness to talk to me about the work which is now occupying his time. The tall figure and finely carved features bear some traces of the energy, which has enabled the author of "Mehalah" to acquire an equal ease in dealing with comparative mythology and preaching village sermons, in discussing Icelandic sagas, and writing popular fiction; but to the ordinary observer they display no sign of the delicate health which compels him to spend the greater part of the winter abroad.

IGNORANCE THE BULWARK OF BALLADS.

"How long," asked a *Globe* interviewer "have you been making your collection of West-country songs?"

—"I started about two years ago. At present I have collected two hundred, but there are heaps more. Next summer—I can't get about in the winter—I shall go through Cornwall, where I have been very little as yet. How came I to think of collecting the ballads of the West? Well, I was at a hunting dinner-party where several old hunting songs were sung. What a pity it is, I said, that our old songs, which have been the poetry of our villages, should be dying out. That started me thinking what a very good thing it would be if a collection were made of them. Many of my hunting friends promised to give me all the songs they knew, and I undertook the task, which has really proved an interesting one. My first effort, however, was a failure. I went round to all the farmers in the neighbourhood, but they knew scarcely any old songs. I found that the songs which they called old were written by such men as Dibdin. It then occurred to me that when I was a boy I used to ride out across Dartmoor, and staying at the wayside inns, to hear old labourers sing quaint ballads in tap rooms. To the labourers, therefore, I went. In fact, the old farm men seem to be the only people who know anything about our old ballads. Being able to read, the farmers have learned modern songs. The ignorance of the labourers has preserved their acquaintance with our traditional melodies."

SETTING TO WORK.

"What was your *modus operandi* ?"—"All the old 'song men,' as they are called, living in the neighbourhood of Lew-Trenchard were invited one by one to my house. I invited them separately, because shyness would probably have sealed their lips if they had come in batches. All of them were old men between seventy and eighty. The ice broken with a glass of grog—no; I don't believe in teetotallism, not a bit of it—they were ready to pour forth every quaint old song they knew. The dear old fellows were delighted. Many of them had not sung for thirty years. They had been pooh-poohed by the younger generation, which knows nothing of the old ballads, and delights in the musical-hall melodies that come down from London. They began to think that their worth was just being discovered. Our method of procedure was a very simple one. They sang all the songs they knew. After each song they slowly and gravely dictated the words to me. While they were singing my co-editor, the Rev. H. F. Sheppard took down the airs. If he was unable to be present another distinguished musician, Mr. F. W. Bussell, a Fellow of Brasenose College, Oxford, filled his place. Sometimes, however, neither was able to attend, and then I had to learn the airs, play them upon the piano and afterwards note them."

IN SEARCH OF SONGS.

"But, of course, I did not confine my efforts to my own neighbourhood," continued Mr. Baring-Gould, talking in his earnest, energetic way, which reaches its height when he explains his broad views concerning the origin and development of religious belief, but remains when he speaks even of the humblest duty he discharges in his parish. For last summer I made very many excursions to out-of-the way villages in all parts of Devon. When I heard where a 'song man' was to be found, I went to the village, put up at the inn, and invited him to come and see me. At first most of the old fellows were somewhat shy. It took them some little time to quite understand my mission, but under the influence of a little genial hospitality they gradually thawed into melody. They saw that I knew them, and understood their ways, and eventually their enthusiasm knew no bounds. I think I never saw such a mixture of pathos and humour as the sight of these old fellows singing their songs. Toothless and tottering, with voices so thin that many of them were scarcely audible, they went through all the ballads with which they charmed their sweethearts in their youth, delighted with the thought that they were doing for their closing days a most important work in preserving the literature of their county. I am very fond of the dear old men. Ah, yes, I dare say many of them will find their way into my novels."

WEST-COUNTRY SONG-MEN.

The old man from whom I obtained most songs lives in my parish as a hedger. He is nearly eighty years old, and hasn't a tooth in his head, but he has a wonderful store of old ballads. Like most of the 'song-men' he comes from a musical family. His father was known as the 'singing machine'; when once he started singing no power on earth could stop him from singing every song he knew. A perfect mine of ballads was a fine, white-haired old man, living in Launceston. One of the most valuable of my old friends was a poor old cripple, who crawls along on two sticks. He earns a little money by breaking stones, and the parish gives him half-a-crown a week for himself and his wife. You know that we have been giving concerts in Devon, at which the songs and ballads I have collected have been sung. Well, all the proceeds of the concerts have been given to the old men who supplied me with ballads, each receiving £5. Since I gave the poor old man of whom I am telling you his share of the profits, the guardians of his parish have talked, I regret to say, of stopping his allowance."

"NOW THE LABOURER'S TASK IS O'ER."

"Quite a sad little story," Mr. Baring-Gould went on, "before to another of my melodious friend. His name was Will Huggins. Before I started for Italy last year he promised that he would try hard to collect some songs for me. He hobbled about all over the neighbourhood, asking all his old friends to sing, but before I returned he died and all the songs he had learned by heart with him. Drink had a little to do with his end, but he was a dear old soul. As you may suppose, some of the words of the ballads I have collected are not exactly suited to these days of greater refinement. In one or two instances slight alternations have been necessary. The words belonging to one Elisabethan air are such that I have felt bound to leave out the whole of them, and in their place I have put some lines of my own written in honour of old Will Huggins."

Opening a well-bound volume which lay by his side, and turning to a song called "The Old Singing-Man," Mr. Baring-Gould showed me what he told me was his sole poetic effort. The first verse runs:—

"I reckon the days is departed,
When folks ud a listened to me,
And I feels like as one broken-hearted,
A-thinking o' what used to be.
And I don't know as much be amended,
Than was in them merry old times,
When, wi' pipes and good ale, folks attended
To me and my party old rhymes."

THE OLDEST BALLAD.

"Have you been able to trace any of the songs in your collection?"

"Very few, indeed. You see, I discard all the ballads which have been published, and many have been thrown overboard in that way. Strange to say, most of the words and airs I have succeeded in tracing to go back as far as the reign of Henry VII. I found out to-day that forms of one of our ballads exist in Scotland and in Sweden. Passages which are not in the Devon version are in the Scotch, and some which are not in the Swedish are to be found in ours, but they all unmistakably belong to the same Devonian origin. Four verses missing from one of our oldest ballads, 'The trees they are so high,'" I also found in a Scotch version. One of the most popular of our old songs, 'By chance it was,' I have discovered word for word in a collection of ballads made in the time of Queen Elizabeth. I have been unable to trace anywhere, however, the oldest ballad in our collection. It is a very weird one, as I think you will say." And Mr. Baring-Gould again placed in my hands the precious volume, wherein I read:—

"Cold blows the wind of night, sweetheart,
Cold are the drops of rain.
The very first love that ever I had
In greenwood he was slain."

These are the opening lines of a charming old ballad, full of the weird pathos so dear to our early song-writers. It tells in a charming style the sad story of a girl who sits upon the grave of her dead lover, weeping and asking for a kiss from beneath the ground the voice of the dead man answers a kiss from his cold clay lips will mean her instant death, but she lovingly persists in her request. Slowly the head of the departed lover rises through the earth. As they kiss a bramble leaf falls between their lips.

EASTWARD, HO!

As I was about to take my leave I asked Mr. Baring-Gould whether he had decided to lecture in London on the Songs of the West. "I shall be in town again in January, on my way to Italy," he said, "and if the ladies and gentlemen who have been singing the Songs of the West in Devon decide to visit London at that time, I shall lecture, but they have not yet made up their minds to come to town. I have been asked, however, to deliver three lectures on the songs and ballads of Dovon and Cornwall at the Royal Institution and I have arranged to give them on my return from the Continent at the end of May or the beginning of June."

Poisonous Hair Restorers and Dyes.—The public have frequently been warned in medical and other papers against using hair renewers and restorers which, being composed of poisonous and mineral ingredients, have a most detrimental effect on the hair and scalp. The only safe preparation is Rowland's Macassar Oil, which public esteem for the last 100 years has proved to be perfectly harmless and more beneficial in all cases of loss of hair, scurf, and dandriff. It prevents and arrests baldness, strengthens the growth of the hair, and produces soft, luxuriant and glossy hair. It is warranted free from any lead or mineral ingredients and is also sold in a Golden Colour for fair and silver-haired ladies and children. Rowland's Odonto is a pure non-gritty tooth powder; it whitens the teeth, prevents and arrests decay, strengthens the gums, and gives a pleasing fragrance to the breath. Ask chemists and Perfumers for Rowland's articles at 20, Hatton Garden, London, England.

"THE GOSPEL OF WEALTH."

Two or three months ago Mr. Andrew Carnegie, the American millionaire, contributed to the *North American Review* a remarkable article on the Duties of Wealth. The article attracted the attention of Mr. Gladstone, at whose suggestion it was republished in England: first in the *Pall Mall Budget*, and afterwards in pamphlet form. Mr. Carnegie has followed up his first article with a second on the same subject, and sent it to us for republication. In the former article Mr. Carnegie contended that the accumulation of wealth in the hands of a few rich men tended to the greatest happiness of the greatest number, because one rich man could spend £1,000 at greater advantage to the common weal than 1,000 men could spend £1 apiece. But this opportunity in the hands of millionaires entailed on them, Mr. Carnegie went on to point out, a corresponding duty. "The man who died rich died," he said, "disgraced." In his second article Mr. Carnegie descended from generals to particulars, and expounded in what ways the millionaire could to best advantage rid himself of his millions and thus avoid the disgrace of hoarded dollars and wasted opportunities. The *Pall Mall* sent this article to Mr. Gladstone, whose views on this subject are here:

Dear Sir,—I answer your letter promptly, for I think it an honour to be associated with Mr. Carnegie in the noble purposes and doctrines of the "Gospel of Wealth." I have therefore begun by reading his proof-sheets, in violation of a rule which I am obliged frequently and ruthlessly to apply in other quarters.

I follow Mr. Carnegie in nearly everything that he affirms and recommends. My main reservation is prompted by his language respecting the endowment of twenty millions (of dollars) granted with a splendid munificence to Stanford University.

My mind is possessed with much misgiving, which rather grows than diminishes as years roll on, about the wholesale endowment of offices and places. The subject is much too large for present discussion, as may say, however, that there is a large field for University expenditure lying beyond the scope of this remark. The remark itself I may illustrate by saying with reference to the large endowments of learning, or at least of places and offices with a view to learning in this country, that I hear doubts whether it does not raise the market-price of the higher education, which it aims at lowering, and which I suppose to be dearer in this country than perhaps in any other. I do not, however, go beyond this, that I cannot join in an affirmation quite so unqualified, on this particular point, as that of Mr. Carnegie's article.

I must add that the growing tendency to the dissociation of universities, as such, from religion does not abate, but enhances, the force of all such considerations as have suggested my language of reserve.

I now come to an important addition, which I should like to attach to the Gospel of Wealth. I see no reason why, in the lists of admissible and desirable objects for the dedication of funds, we are not to include their direct dedication to the service and honour of God. The money spent in the erection of our cathedrals, and our great churches hardly inferior to cathedrals, as been large, and has in my judgment been very well laid out. What I have said as to the endowment of offices and places has some application to the great province of religion. But, apart from this and separated from any good use of wealth in the cathedrals, the institutions of religion, the works of devotion, learning, mercy, and utility, connected with it, are numerous and diversified. Religion is a giant with a hundred hands, whose strength, however, is not for rapine, but for use. I should wish to bring its claim, proportionate and therefore large, under the consideration of the open-handed and open-minded philanthropist.—I remain, your faithful and obedient,

W. E. GLADSTONE.

THE GOSPEL OF WEALTH RESTATED.

Before entering upon the question which you have proposed, writes Mr. Carnegie, it may be advantageous to restate the positions taken in the former paper for the benefit of those who may not have read it, or who cannot conveniently refer to it. It was maintained that the present laws of competition, accumulation, and distribution are the best obtainable conditions; that through these the race receives its most valuable fruits; and, therefore, that they should be accepted and upheld. Under these it was held that great wealth must inevitably flow into the hands of the few exceptional managers of men. The question then arose, what should be done with this wealth? and the "Gospel of Wealth" contended that surplus wealth should be considered as a sacred trust, to be administered during the lives of its owners, by them as trustees, for the best good of the community in which and from which it had been acquired.

"THE MAN WHO DIES RICH DIES DAMNED."

It was pointed out that there were but three modes of disposing of surplus wealth, and two of these were held to be improper. First, it was held that to leave great fortunes to children did not prove true affection for them or interest in their genuine good, regarded either as individuals or as members of the state; that it was not the welfare of the children, but the pride of the parents, which inspired enormous legacies, and that, looking to the usual results of vast sums conferred upon children, the thoughtful man must be forced to say, if the good of the child only were considered: "I would as soon leave to my son a curse as to leave to him the almighty dollar."

ONLY ONE WAY FOR THE MILLIONAIRE.

The second mode open to men is to hoard their surplus wealth during life, and leave it at death for public uses. It was pointed out that in many cases these bequests become merely monuments of the testators' folly, that the amount of real good done by posthumous gifts was ridiculously disproportionate to the sums thus left. The recent decision upon Mr. Tilden's will, which is said to have been drawn by the ablest of lawyers, and the partial failure of Mr. Williamson's purposes in regard to the great technical school which that millionaire intended to establish in Philadelphia, are lessons indeed for the rich who only bequeath. The aim of the first article was thus to lead up to the conclusion that there is but one right mode of using enormous fortunes—namely, that the possessors from time to time during their own lives should so administer them as to promote the permanent good of the communities from which they have been gathered. It was held that public sentiment would soon say of one who died possessed of millions of available wealth which he might have administered: "The man who dies thus rich dies disgraced."

HELP THOSE WHO HELP THEMSELVES.

The purpose of this article is to present some of the best methods of performing this duty of administering surplus wealth for the good of the people. The first requisite for a really good use of wealth is that the millionaire who has accepted the gospel which proclaims him only a trustee of the surplus that comes to him, is to take care that the purpose for which he spends it shall not have a degrading pauperizing tendency upon its recipients, and that his trust should be so administered as to stimulate the best and most aspiring poor of the community to further efforts for their own improvement. It is not the immediately destitute shiftless, and worthless that it is truly beneficial or truly benevolent to attempt to reach and improve. For these there exists the refuge provided by the city or the state, where they can be sheltered, fed, clothed, and kept in comfortable existence, and—most important of all—where they can be isolated from the well-doing and industrious poor who are liable to be demoralised by contact with these associates. One man or woman who succeeds in living comfortably by begging is more dangerous to society, and a greater obstacle to the progress of humanity than a score of wordy Socialists. The individual administrator of surplus wealth has as his charge the industrious and ambitious not those who need everything done for them, but those who being most anxious and able to help themselves, deserve and will be benefited by help from others and the extension of their opportunities at the hands of the philanthropic rich.

THE SIN OF MAKING BEGGARS.

It is ever to be remembered that one of the chief obstacles which the philanthropist meets in his efforts to do real and permanent good in this world is the practice of indiscriminate giving; and the duty of the millionaire is to resolve to cease giving to objects that are not proved clearly to his satisfaction to be deserving. He must remember Mr. Rice's belief, that nine hundred and fifty out of every thousand dollars he stowed-to-day upon so-called charity had better be thrown into the sea. As far as my experience of the wealthy extends, it is unnecessary to urge them to give of their superabundance in charity so-called. Create good for the race is to be achieved by inducing them to cease impulsive and injurious giving. As a rule, the sins of millionaires in this respect are not those of omission, but of commission, because they will not take time to think, and chiefly because it is much easier to give than to refuse. Those who have surplus wealth give millions every year which produce more evil than good, and which really retard the progress of the people because most of the forms in vogue to-day for so-called raising mankind, tend to spread among the poor a spirit of dependence upon alms, when what is essential for progress is that they should be inspired to depend upon their own exertions. The miser millionaire who hoards his wealth does less injury to society than the careless millionaire who squanders his unwisely, even if he does so under cover of the mantle of sacred charity. A man who gives to the individual beggar commits a grave offence, but there are many societies and institutions soliciting alms which it is none the less injurious to the community to aid. These are as corrupting as individual beggars. Plutarch's "Moral" contains this lesson: "A beggar asking an alms of a Lacedæmonian, he said: 'Well, should I give thee anything, thou wilt be the greater beggar, for he that first gave thee money made thee idle, and is the cause of this base and dishonourable way of living." As I know them, there are few millionaires, very few indeed, who are clear of this sin of having made beggars.

An American paper states that Dr. W. M. Jackson's novel yacht, the Evolution, embodying the principle of propulsion by a stream of water forced from the stern, was launched last week from the yard of James Lennox, South Brooklyn. A number of yachtsmen witnessed her first plunge into the water. Her dimensions are:—Length over all, 108 feet; beam, 23 feet; draught, 6½ feet. The yacht is to be run solely by hydraulic power by a system of pumping water into her, and forcing it out through pipes. She will be fitted with a pumping engine of 1,500 horse-power, which will give her (Dr Jackson says), a tremendous pressure, and which will result in giving the boat a speed of not less than twenty-five miles an hour, and possibly over thirty miles. The water will be drawn in through eight-inch pipes, located in either side of the yacht, amidships, and forced in through three-quarter-inch pipes in the stern and prow.

THE WONDERS OF THE SPECTROSCOPE.

Professor Huggins, ex-President of the Royal Astronomical Society of Great Britain, is contributing a series of articles to the *Scotsman* on the above subject. In the first of these the learned professor writes:—

It is difficult for those for whom these lines are more particularly written to realise how completely a new branch of astronomy—I had almost said a new astronomy—has been created by the new familiar spectroscope, which some thirty years ago had no place among the astronomical instruments of an observatory. Even so short a time back the study of the relative motions, distances, and masses of the heavenly bodies appeared to include all the certain and exact knowledge we could hope to obtain of them from direct observation. Anything beyond this, their true nature and so forth, we might reason about from a probable analogy, but it appeared to lie outside of what was possible to man to be able to make direct observations of the chemical nature and the physical conditions of bodies with which our only link of communication is an unlimited motion of the ether, or light.

It is scarcely an exaggeration to say that the use of the spectroscope gives to us the advantage of another sense, for it enables us to disentangle in the light short and long waves, of which the eye by itself can take no separate cognisance, since they are lost in a common sensation; as if in the sense of hearing a whole sentence were condensed into a single compound sound which the ear could not analyse.

The spectroscope sorts out these different light waves, the shorter from the longer, and enables us to study them individually. Light waves when they pass other than perpendicularly from one transparent substance into another, as from air into glass, have the direction of their course altered, the amount of change of direction being greater for short waves than for long ones.

In this way, by a prism of glass the waves in a beam of light may be separated from each other, and made to arrange themselves in the order of their wave-length, and so to form the spectrum of the light; the longest waves which can affect the eye give to us the sensation of red, the next longest the sensation of orange, and so on through the well-known colours of nature's spectrum—the rainbow. The small range of wave-lengths from the red to the violet, which alone is visible to us, may be compared to an octave of notes in the middle of the key-board of a pianoforte, for below the red and above the violet there is a much greater extent of invisible waves with which we can become acquainted through artificial help alone—such as the photographic plate and the thermopile.

The prism, therefore, is the soul of the spectroscope. The light enters through a narrow slit for the purpose of preventing overlapping when the light is spread out fan-wise. A lens makes the light from the slit parallel as it goes into the prism, and when it emerges on the other side it is received by a small telescope by which the spectrum is viewed.

It is obvious how powerful an instrument for astronomical research the spectroscope may become, since it deals alike with light from whatever source which enters the slit. It makes no difference to the result of the analysis whether the light has been emitted by a candle a few feet off, or by the hot matter of a star so distant that the light, though winging its way at the speed of 186,328 miles a second, has taken more than the span of a human life to reach the earth; so that in the case of some stars, the oldest of us can see the light only which was born before us.

Though the spectroscope unfolds to our view the different light-waves which come together from the heavenly bodies, it is clear that our power of interpretation of what we see must depend upon knowledge gained in the laboratory of the spectra of terrestrial substances, simple and compounded, at different temperatures and pressures. A great body of knowledge of this kind has been built up by the labours of many workers. We possess extensive tables of the wave-lengths of the lines of nearly all the known terrestrial substances.

Suppose the light from a celestial body, to which we direct a telescope armed with a spectroscope, to show a spectrum that is continuous in the light from the red to the violet, unbroken by either dark or bright lines, we conclude that the molecules of the luminous matter are not free to give their own independent vibrations, and that, therefore, the matter must be either solid, liquid, or a very dense gas. In this case we can learn nothing of the chemical nature of the body.

If on directing a telescope to a star we see bright lines, and then by measurement or by direct comparison are able to recognise these bright lines as occupying precisely the same positions in the spectrum as the bright lines, say, of burning magnesium or of sodium, we then learn that the luminous matter is sodium or magnesium vapour. On the other hand, when the spectroscope is directed to the sun or a star, and we find a continuous spectrum interrupted throughout its length by dark lines, we gain the information that the light has been emitted by incandescent solid or liquid matter (or possibly highly condensed gas), and afterwards has passed through as absorbing layer of gas; and further, if any of these dark lines occupy exactly the same positions in the spectrum as the bright lines, say, of magnesium and of sodium fall, we get the more complete information that the absorbing layer of gas is composed in part of these metals in a state of vapour.

When we use the spectroscope as an instrument of astronomical research, two formidable difficulties meet us which are not present in laboratory work.

In most cases the light is feeble, and the heavenly bodies are in constant apparent motion from the rotation of the earth, from which we have to observe. The first difficulty is lessened by employing the object-glass or the mirror of a telescope, to collect all the light which falls upon its large surface, and condense it upon the slit. The difficulty of the apparent motion of the stars may be overcome by a suitable mounting to the telescope, and sufficiently powerful motion. Kirchhoff in 1859 laid the foundations of the new science of spectrum analysis, and by work on the solar spectrum showed that a large number of the terrestrial elements exist in the atmosphere of the sun in a state of vapour. His work and that of subsequent observers show that the following substances are certainly present in the sun—hydrogen, iron, magnesium, sodium, barium, titanium, calcium, chromium, nickel, chromium, cobalt, and platinum, and about as many more are very probably in the sun. These new results were received by the scientific world with excited interest, but they only confirmed what was accepted as an almost certain conclusion, that the sun and planets had had doubtless a common origin, the same kinds of matter would be found in the sun as exist in the composition of the earth.

This argument from a common origin did not extend to the heavenly bodies beyond the boundary of the solar system. In the case of the stars we had a presumption from analogy only, that as they were minons they were probably hot bodies after the order of our own sun.

It was therefore a question of great interest to ascertain by direct observation whether terrestrial matter and the laws which govern it, existed in the immensely remote stars, or whether the "infinite variety of nature" had given them a chemistry of their own. It might be that the foundation elements of the state of things here—hydrogen, sodium, oxygen, iron, and magnesium—were peculiar to, and had no place beyond, the ancient nebula out of which our system has condensed.

In the years immediately following Kirchhoff's great work on the sun, the spectroscope attached to powerful telescopes was successfully brought to bear upon the brightest stars, and gave us the certain information that matter as we know it here, exists there also. The orbit motions of double stars had already shown the high probability that gravitation exists everywhere throughout the universe visible to us. The spectroscope now tells us that the same chemical elements, and with a high degree of probability the same physical forces of heat, electricity, and chemical affinity which we know here, are present as far as the eye, directed by telescopes, can reach. How unlikely soever to suppose that a chemist transferred to the systems of Sirius or of Vega would have anything to unlearn, but would find there the chemical elements with which he was familiar, and their affinities and relationships unchanged.

The instrument which taught us from direct observation the great lesson of the unity of nature of the matter of the visible universe, at the same time showed the great significance which is to be attached to the small differences in colour which the eye had discovered between star and star. The eye sees one star to be blue, another orange, red or white, but that is all the eye can do. The spectroscope goes behind the apparent variation of colour, and brings into evidence the hidden differences existing in the light which can only affect the eye in their combined effect as colour.

These apparently small differences of tint represent very greatly diverse physical conditions, but chiefly of temperature. Some of these immensely remote suns are much hotter, while others are cooler, than our sun at the present epoch of his existence. Suns, like men, are born, live, and die. Their life blood is their heat, and their existence from their birth by condensation form a nebula, till at last they cool down in old age to dark bodies, is one of radiation of energy as light and heat. For them to live is to shine. The kinetic energy developed by the shrinkage of a gaseous mass is more than sufficient to replace the loss of heat, and the temperature rises; but in the case of a liquid or solid mass it is not so. The contraction of the mass under the influence of its own gravity is unable to make good the loss which it suffers by radiation, and the body gradually cools.

Our sun is getting old, and it is not likely that it can continue to warm the earth sufficiently for the living on of the human race for 10,000,000 years from the present time.

The star Capella has a spectrum which is scarcely, if at all, distinguishable from that of our sun. If it is the centre of a planetary system, a state of things may well exist there not unlike that which now prevails in the solar system. The bluish-white stars Sirius and Vega give spectra which show a higher temperature; it is reckoned that the light emitted by Sirius is more than forty times as much as that given out by the sun.

Other stars, orange or reddish in colour, as Arcturus, are probably at present less hot than the sun. There may be many dark stars in which the candle has gone out. These we can probably never know of except by their gravitational influence, their occultation of a bright star, or their collision with another star. The companion of Sirius though at least one-tenth as heavy as Sirius itself, for a long time escaped detection, and with large instruments can only be seen under favourable conditions, for its light is not more that one 1,000th part of that emitted by Sirius, so that, were the case, it cannot be one 1,000th part as luminous.

MILITARY ADMINISTRATION DURING 1889.

No very heroic measures have been initiated in the army or the War Office during the year now ended, observes a military correspondent, but yet much has been quietly done to perfect the mechanism, to reduce expenditure, and to popularise the service among those classes from which recruits are drawn.

SOLDIERS' RATIONS.

To take the last point first, in consequence of an outcry against the insufficiency of the daily bread and meat ration issued to the troops in view of the increasing proportion of growing lads in the ranks, a committee was appointed to investigate the question and state what additions or alterations should be made. The result was a report that the quantity of the ration was ample, but that greater care should be exercised in the inspection of the articles when delivered by contractors, and that improvements might be effected in the cooking. It was, therefore, considered desirable that regimental officers should be afforded opportunities for acquiring some knowledge of the difference in appearance between meat of good quality and the more inferior kind which had been frequently supplied, and practical training has been given both at Smithfield and other large meat markets. In addition to this, selected officers have been appointed to districts to casually inspect the supplies to barracks within their limits in order to report any neglect on the part of officers up to the mark whenever any tendency was shewn to make the inspection of rations a mere formal matter. There are already complaints that this mechanism of inspection is insufficient, but this probably results from the newness of the duties to the officers concerned.

REDUCTION OF EXPENDITURE.

For some years the economists of the House of Commons have directed their attention to the non-effective votes of the army, which provide the half-pay and retiring allowances for officers, and to what they have been pleased to regard as the unnecessarily large number of officers of the higher ranks who are retained in excess of the number for whom employment can be found. As a result a Royal Warrant has been issued providing for the absorption of a number of the supernumeraries, as vacancies occur, and for less costly retirements. This has caused much opposition from officers who consider that their chances of promotion have been lessened; but still more dissatisfaction has been caused by the claim on the part of the War Office, under cover, of course, of the Secretary of State for War, to be the sole interpreter of the terms of these Warrants, which govern the army, its pay, allowances, and promotion, entirely. This matter has already been partly considered by the Public Accounts Committee of the House of Commons, which seems inclined to support the Treasury in the view that that department alone, under the authority of the Queen, should decide questions involving finance. We deal with this matter more fully in a recent article on military expenditure; and it may be remarked here that the House of Commons is justly too jealous of its power of the purse to suffer any interference with this its special department.

MILITARY ARMAMENTS.

The great achievement in this branch of administration has been the successful introduction and rapid manufacture of a very satisfactory breech-loading magazine rifle. For years the subject of a new rifle to supersede the Martini-Henry had been under the consideration of the Ordnance Committee, and various selections of single-loading rifles had been made, when the rapid development of magazine rifles forced the committee and the military authorities to adopt one of these. A long series of experiments has resulted in the production of a magazine rifle superior in accuracy of fire and simplicity to that in the hands of any European soldier, to which the only serious objection is that its small bullet, of about the thickness of an ordinary pencil, may not inflict a sufficiently disabling shock in those cases where the wound given does not immediately cause death. Possibly the large bullet is not necessary, and the tremendous crushing power given to the small bullet by its higher velocity may make it even more effective. On this point experts differ, but it is significant that all nations are adopting in these new small arms bullets of very small calibre.

ARSENAL ORGANISATION.

Another matter of even greater importance to the military and naval power of the country is the organisation of the ordnance factories and arsenals. Last year the Woolwich establishments were thoroughly tested for the first time, under the direction of a Director of Ordnance Factories, as a department separated from the influence of the War-Office proper. A nominal vote of £30 only was given by the House of Commons, and the idea was that the ordnance factories "should fulfil the orders of army, navy, India and colonies, charging for the work done such sums as would cover the cost of material, labour and establishment." Until the promised accounts have been published it is perhaps premature to criticise the working of the arrangement, but certainly the work does not seem to have been turned out any faster, and the Navy, India, and the Colonies all complain that guns are not forthcoming. There is also some evidence that, with all its resources, and with no dividend to pay, Woolwich cannot compete, in point of cost, with Lord Armstrong's firm, or even with the newest of the heavy guns contractors at Sheffield. To this subject the House of Commons will be asked to direct its attention this year, for it is felt by both naval and military officers that the ordnance factories, to be thoroughly effective, should be entirely separate department of Government, freed from even the partial War Office influence

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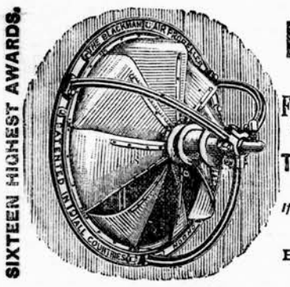
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A Pure Essence of the Finest Ginger, perfectly free from Capsicum. Highly adapted for the manufacture of Transparent Aerated Waters, and for all Dietetic, Medicinal and Pharmaceutical purposes. Trade Price, 5s. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 4s. 6d. per lb.
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ENGLISH PERFUMERY,
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is unequalled for its strength and delightful fragrance. It far surpasses the numerous compounds sold under the same name.
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BLOOD MIXTURE
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER
For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities. It cannot be too highly recommended.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin and Blood Diseases, Eczema and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.
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Clears the Blood from all impure matter. From whatever cause arising.
Clarke's Blood Mixture is the only real Specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains, for it removes the cause from the blood and bones.
As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warrants free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
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"HELA GREALDINE RIPON."
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Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors, the words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company," Lincoln, are engraved on the Government Stamp affixed to each bottle, without which none are genuine.

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THE LIQUOR to be used in acute stage & THE PILLS in the Chronical state.
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A most agreeable food and of easy digestion
Invaluable for infants, particularly at the time of weaning
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With each Bottle is enclosed a spoon measure of 5grains, the patient may thus himself prepare the solution as required, according to the prescription of the physician
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Capsules of D^r CLIN
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SYRUP & PASTE
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VERY EFFICACIOUS
IN COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, ASTHMA, and all affections of the respiratory organs.
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THIS pleasant Bitter Beer has been imported by Treacher and Co. at the suggestion of a well-known Physician in Bombay, and is strongly recommended as one of the very best Beers in the Indian Market. It has the genuine bitter aromatic flavour of the Hop, does not contain an excess of alcohol, and has in an eminent degree those refreshing, digestive and tonic properties which should characterize all Beers.

Bottles, per doz.....Rs. 6 8 | Half-bottles, per doz.....Rs. 4 0
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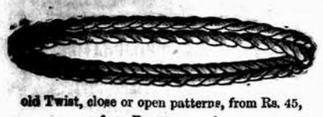

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"One of eternity this new day is born,
Into eternity at night doth return.
Behold it aforetime no eyes ever did,
So soon it for ever from all eyes is hid.
Here hath been dawning another blue day,
Think, wilt thou let it slip useless away?" —*Tennyson.*

QUEEN'S HEAD HOTEL, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE, 4th June, 1877.

SIR,—Will you to-day allow me to present you with this Testimonial and Poem on your justly celebrated FRUIT SALT. Being the writer for several first class London Magazines, and my occupation being a very sedentary one, I came here for a few weeks, in order to see what change of air would do for me, and at the wish of some personal friends of mine here I have taken ENO'S FRUIT SALT, and the good results accruing therefrom have been my reason for addressing you.—I am, Sir, yours truly, A LADY.

Free from danger, free from harm.
It acts like some magician's charm;
As any time a dainty draught,
Which will dispel disease's shaft;
More priceless than the richest gold,
That ever did its wealth unfold;
And all throughout our native land,
Should always have at their command
Eno's famous Fruit Salt!

Cool and refreshing as the breeze,
To headache it gives certain ease;
Biliousness—it does assuage,
And cures it both in Youth and Age;
Giddiness it will arrest,
And give both confidence and rest;
Thirst it will at once allay.
And what the best in every way,
Why, Eno's famous fruit Salt!

"MANY sick people looked upon me as a physician. For a long time we had been in the centre of Africa without any medical man. Natives came with all manner of diseases. One day we had a man said to be mad, Whether mad or not, he was far from well, and I gave him a dose of Eno's Fruit Salt. The poor fellow came back next morning much better. His breath was no longer offensive, and he looked cheerful. We were sorry when our supply of Fruit Salt was done; it was a favourite both with natives and Europeans, and is much used along the malarious coasts."—"Africana," by the Rev. DUFF MACDONALD, M.A., B.D., Vol. II., p. 207.

INDIA AND ENO'S FRUIT SALT.—"Dibrughar, Upper Assam, India. March 6th, 1880. "Dear Sir,—I desire to state the advantage which I, and many others in this part of the world, have derived from your FRUIT SALT. Unlike other saline Aperients, it is not lowering in its action. I have used it on board ship in tropical latitudes, and both there and here I can honestly bear witness that its use has warded off fever over and over again. When taken in time it is invaluable. It is most popular in this part of North Eastern Asiatic India. From my extreme individual inconvenience arising from publicity I do not wish my name to appear, and merely subscribe myself, most truly yours, 'A PLANTER.'—J. C. ENO."

CAUTION.—Examine each Bottle, and see that the capsule is marked "ENO'S FRUIT SALT." Without it you have been imposed on by a worthless imitation. Sold by all Chemists.

Prepared only at

ENO'S FRUIT SALT WORKS, HATCHAM, LONDON, S.E.

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"THE CREAM OF OLD IRISH WHISKIES."
PURE, MILD and MELLOW.
DELICIOUS, and VERY WHOLESOME.

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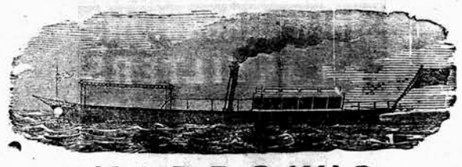

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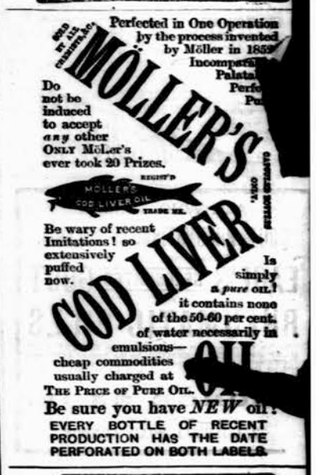

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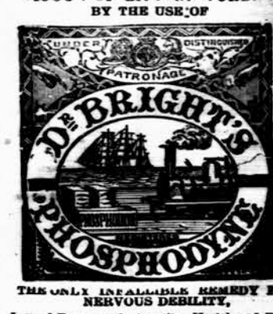

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Printed and Published by the Proprietors, GRATTAN GEARY, at the Bombay Gazette Steam Press, Esplanade Road.